E

OF ALL

it of the

ers, Feath.

FANOY

BRATE

EGHORN

FLOWERS

mpure, Lan-

Store

tyles.

ne"

tore

AWAY COATS.

PRICES

eCitv

abama.

ERY

Hats!

ERT'S

AD!

e assort

s season.

ck Cash

90 cts

in Table

nd Nain-

RAWS

ALL ARE

Alvin S. Hawkins, of Carroll, was nom nettd by acclamation for governor.

General Maney and A. A. Taylor were chosen electors at large and delegates to the Chicago convention, They were requested to recommend for nomination for vice president of the United States Hon. Horace Maynard. The delegates to Chicago from the state at large were C. Houck, J. M. Thornburg, H. H. Harrison and David

The following is the platform adopted The romaining is the platform adopted:
The republican party, in convention assembled, to declare as follows:
Resolved, That we hereby reaffim our devotion on the national republican party, and to its printiple, as heretofore declared, believing those rinciples to be founded in political wisdom, and sential to the prosperity and equality of every tizen, and to the union of the states under the institution.

Resolved, That any voluntary proposition from our crecitors to take less than the face value of their bonds, by them made in view of our losses consequent upon the war of the rebellion, should be thankfully and unhesitatingly accepted, and the new contract falthfully and promptly compiled with; and we denounce the refusal of the democratic party to accept the 60 and 6 proposition as a refusal of a liberal and voluntary deduction; and we recognize in said refusal overwhelming evidence that a large majority of the elemocratic party intends to repudiate the bonded debt of the state, and thereby to subject our state to the opprobrium of all people who regard the contracts of a state with her creditors as of sacred inviolability.

state to the opprobrium of all people who regard the contracts of a state with her creditors as of sacred inviolability.

Resolved, That the reasons prompting the domocratic party of Tennessee and other states of the south to repudiate the debts of their respective states will, when logically applied, promp them also to repudiate the entire war debt of the United States, and we hereby declare our solemn judgment to be that as soon as the repudiating element of the democratic party has wiped out the debt of their respective states, they will declare in favor of repudiating the debt in curred by the nation in preserving the union.

Resolved. That we renew our declarations in favor of free common schools for the education of all the children of the state, we believing that school houses are cheaper than court-houses, and that intelligence is the mother of morality.

Resolved, That we recognize the right of the laboring men and women of Tennessee as deserving of our most tender parental solicitude, and we denounce all legislation that discriminates against the poor should be protected and that labor is the creator of our wealth and that there can be no permanent public or private prosperity except it be based upon perfect harmony between labor and capital.

Resolved, That we are opposed to bringing convict labor in unnecessary competition with reclabor, and to prevent this we favor the employment of penitentiary convicts below a certain grade on public roads.

Resolved, That we are in favor of law and order, and opposed to mob violence: that we de-

grade on public roads.

Resolved, That we are in favor of law and order, and opposed to mob violence; that we demand the impartial enforcement of the law everywhere and at all times; that we denounce social ostracism because of political opinion as a standing reproach to republican government, as calculated to discourage the incoming of capital and labor, and as destructive of the business prosperity of our people; that we commend all measures that will promote peace, protectindustry, encourage temperance and advance morality, and we pledge the votes and voice of the republican party to every good work that will benefit the individual, build up the state and strengthen the nation.

THE OHIO DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

COLUMBUS, O., May 6-The democratic state convention was called to order by John J. Thompson, chairman of the central committee. Frank Hurd, of Toledo, was

committee. Frank Hurd, of Toledo, was chosen temporary chairman. Hurd made a short speech, predicting, with united effort, a triumphant sweep of the democratic party in the north. His reference to Thurman as worthy of all honor from the democrats of the United States, was received with continued applause.

Committees were appointed and the list of district delegates was completed, when a recess was taken. On reassembling George S. Converse, of Franklin, was chosen permanent chairman. In addressing the convention, Mr. Converse said none of the candidates named by the republicans expected to be legally elected, but expected by either force, chicanery or fraud, to get themselves into office.

The following platform was adopted with cheers and without discussion:

Resolved, That the democratic party of Ohio

cheers and without discussion:

Resolved, That the democratic party of Ohio recognize the long service and great ability and steadiast advocacy of constitutional liberty which marked the career of Allen G. Thurman, and confiding in his rectitude and fitness for the chief executive of the republic, cordially instruct the delegates at large this day appointed and request the district delegates chosen by the several districts of the state to present to the national democratic convention the name of this tried statesman as our candidate for president of the United States and use all honorable means to secure his nomination.

Resolved, That we recommend the democratic national convention to adopt the two-thirds rule in nominating candidates.

The following were elected delegates at large: J. H. Wade, James B. Steedman, John McSweeney and Durbin Ward. Messrs. A. V. Rice, Thomas E. Powell, Charles Hill and A. R. Vancleaf were chosen alternates.

THE ANTI THIRD TERMERS.

St. Louis, May 6.—The anti-third term national republican convention was called to order by General Henderson, who called to the chair Mr. E. C. Hubbard, of Kentucky—a delegate to the Chicago convention. Mr. Hubbard declared that the safety of the republic demanded that the republicans should remain in charge of the nation's affairs. The chief point to which the convention was directed was hostility A remark that there were here no private axes to gried, that there was no candidate to be brought forward for the presidency, elicited hearty and continued appliuse.

The report of the committee on resolutions was adopted without debate. The resolutions set forth and support the principles of the republican party and lay especial emphasis upon the declarations of the republican state conventions in New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio in 1875 and the six opposing a third term for the present. They further declare that the nomination of a third-term candidate will put the party on the defensive by reviving the memory of the public scandals and official corruption. The closing resolutions are as follows:

Resolved, That as republicans, we cannot be

Resolved, That as republicans, we cannot be here as worshippers, and we demand from a party without a master, the nomination of a candidate without a stain.

R solved, That a national committee of 100 be appointed and instructed, in the event of the appointed and instructed, in the event of the amountain of General Grant, to meet in the city of New York, at the call of the chairman of tais committee, and there to set in such a manuer as they shall then deem best to carry out the spirit and purpose of these resolutions

Permanent organization was effected, with John B. Henderson, of Missouri, as president, and a vice-president from each state

ANTA, GA. FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 7, 1880. The second of the

Streat LOV

convention proceeded to ballot for delegates.

Thomas H. Dadley was chosen permanent precident.

There were no contested seats, and the several counties were fully represented.

After the election of delegates and the selection of district delegates to Chicago resolutions were unanimously adopted pleiging the support of New Jersey to the presidential nominee of the republican national convention.

MARYLAND REPUBLICANS. FREDERICK, MD, May 6—The republican convention was called to order by Henry Stockbridge, chairman of the state central committee. Mr. Stockbridge called the list of delegates, omitting Baltimore county and the three legislative districts of Baltimore city. On calling the list of counties, Stockbridge called Baltimore county, naming and recognizing Ditty or Grant delegation. Stockbridge called Baltimore county, naming and recognizing Disty or Grant delegates, and recognized Booth or Grant delegates from the second district of Baltimore, and stating that the irregularities in the appointing of delegates from the first and third districts were so great that the papers would go before the committee on credentials when appointed.

P. Clay Naill, of Frederick, was elected temporary chairman.

A committee on credentials was appointed, and the convention of a recess On reassembling at 4 o'clock, a message was received from the committee on credentials that they would not be ready to report until 7 o'clock, and further recess was taken to that hour.

NEW HAMPSHIRE REPUBLICANS. NEW HAMPSHIRE REPUBLICANS.

CONCORD, May 6.—The republican convention met at Phenix hall. H. Huse, chairman of the state committee. called the convention to order. Hon. Aaron F. Stevens, of Nassau, was chosen president, with one vice president from each county. After the transaction of the usual routine of business, the election of delegates, etc., resolutions were adopted opposing the unit rule and leaving the delegation to Chicago uninstructed, but expressed the opinic in that James G. Blaine is the man for the times. The convention then adjourned.

Delaware republicans tate convention met here to-day and after four hours of wrangling succeeded about six o'clock in effecting a permanent organization. The reports of the committees on credentials, permanent organizations and resolutions, led to a long and bitter debate. Resolutions were fully adopted authorizing the delegates to Chicago to vote according to their individual sense of right. They are understood to be in favor of Blaine. The convention then adjourned. DELAWARE REPUBLICANS

THE MISSISSIPPI DELEGATION. CHICAGO, May 6.—A dispatch from Jackson, Miss., says the republican state convention adjourned this morning at 2 o'clock. The delegates are uninstructed. It is understood that their preferences are: Six for Sherman, 5 for Blaine and 5 for Grant.

THE WISCONSIN DELEGATION. Madison, Wis., May 6.—Of the delegates elected to Chicago, at the republican convention yesterday, nine are for Washburne, seven for Blaine, three for Sherman and one for Grant.

ED COX.

Rumors as to Where he will The decision in the Ed Cox case as pub lished by THE CONSTITUTION Wednesday while not unexpected, was still freely discussed by the public. Its correctness was not doubted, but more of sympathy was expressed for the unfortunate man than we have heard heretofore. The question uppermost in the minds of most people who read the verdict was:

"WHERE WILL HE GO?" Now that Cox must go to the peniten-iary, some one of the camps must be design lary, some one of the camps must be designated as his future residence. It has been rumored for some time that he is not a desirable charge, and that several of the lessees have stated that they do not want him. Governor Brown is reported as averse to receiving him, upon the ground that he is not such an "able bodied" man as the law says he shall have. Although a life-man and primarily assignable to Governor Brown, the latter holds that Cox fails in other conditions. We understand that the physician of the penitentiary has examined Cox and reported his physical condition to the governor. What that report contains has not been disclosed. Gov. Brown had an examination of Cox made by four physicians of the city, headed by Dr. H. V. M. Miller, as we learn, and they, too, made a report which Governor Brown has filed with the governor of the state. We are unable to state its contents, but learn that it is a strong presentation of defects in Cox's physical condition, lucidly and strongly stated in a written report drawn by Dr. Miller.

NOT THE COAL MINES. It was reported as certain yesterday that Cox would not be sent to the coal mines, but would be assigned to one of the lessees engaged in farming operations in south Georgia. It is probable that the report is correct and that Cox will be made easy uponone of the plantations worked by either Colonel Lockett or Mr. Walters in South Georgia, Vet another rumor sasigned him to W.

gia. Yet another rumor assigned him to W D. Grant of this city. Cox is said to have become reconciled to the decrees of the courts in so far as to have given over his intention to only come out of Fulton county jail "feet foremost." He is closely watched to prevent any attempt at self destruction, if, indeed, he ever seriously contemplated such an act. He is very much opposed to the idea of being shackled and is reported as

shackled and is reported as

READY TO PLEDGE HIS HONOR
that if spared that humiliation he will perform truly and creditably all things required of him and make no attempt to abuse the elemency by an effort to make good his escape. He says that as he must go to the penitentiary that he will go like a manland do his duty like one.

He does not expect any executive elemency from the present administration and his friends say he desires none at its hands. If pardoned he wants it from other hands and with the sanction of his fellow-citizens of old, who know him and believe in his honesty in all things.

of old, who know him and believe in his honesty in all things.

He is said to often speak of Alston in the kindest terms and as a friend whom nothing but a stern necessity would have induced him to harm. His faithful wife and loving children have cheered him greatly in his confinement, and it is a part of the arrangement to be made for him that they will be located near him and see him often.

THRILLING SCENE IN A THEATER. Maniac Rushes Upon the Stage A Maniac Rushes Upon the Stage, Kills a Man with a Hatchet and is Himself Shot to Death by a Platoon of Soldiers.

London Telegraph.

A terrible scene took place in the Teatro del Circo at Madrid a few days ago. During the performance a madman forced his way into the house, armed with a hatchet, and contrived to climb from the auditorium

of New York, at the call of the chairman of tais committee, and there to set in such a manner as they shall then deem best to carry out the spirit and purpose of these resolutions.

Permanent organization was effected, with John B. Henderson, of Missouri, as president, and a vice-president from each state represented. General Henderson on taking the platform outlined briefly the purpose and scope of the convention.

Mr. Whittridge, in behalf of the executive committee of the independent republican party of New York, presented a message expressing hearty sympathy and co-operation in their opposition to the third term.

Mr. Ward, of Philadelphia, from the national republican league of that city, presented one in the same tenor.

A committee of thirteen was appointed to consider and report a platform.

Telegrams and letters from all parts of the country expressing sympathy with the

of the vetoed bill, marshals amendment and all, in the general deficiency bill, which is yet to be reported by the appropriation committee. The difficulty of the first plan is that, under the new rules, which obstruct legislation, it will be difficult to get the amendment to which the president objects before the house as a separate bill. The judiciary committee could easily report such a bill, but it would have to go the foot of the public calendar, which has already upon it four hundred bills, and it could only be got out by unanimous consentor a two-thirds vote of the house. Neither can be secured. Altogether, the oulook is that, if the democrats do not care to prolong the session, they will either have to back down or adjourn without making any provision for the pay of deputy mar-

any provision for the pay of deputy mar-shals. In the latter event it is believed Hayes would call congress back, because in the approaching national campaign the re-publican party will have use for all the deputy marshals a democratic congress will appropriate for. The veto calls forth no comment, except that it is thought to be strange that the president can summon up enough courage to sign the army bill with a rider, and veto the deficiency bill because it has a rider attached.

Mr. Springer gave the republicans a droll fright on Monday by a threat to introduce an anti-third term resolution. They firibustered, demanded the reading of Mr. Daggett's new bankrupt law, which would have occupied a full hour in the reading, and by threatening to continue this monotonous business all day induced the democrats to permit an adjournment shortly after two. Under the new rules they are safe from the dreadful Springer until the first Monday in June, for this kind of resolution can be introduced only on the of resolution can be introduced only on the first Monday in the month. The Springer mantrap is a tolerably ugly document. It sets out with a statement that the house of representatives on the 15th of December 1875, adopted the following resolution by

representatives on the 19th of December, 1875, adopted the following resolution by a vote of 234 to 18:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this house the precedent established by Washington and other presidents of the United States in retiring from the presidential office after their second ferm has become by universal concurrence a part of our-republican system of government, and that any departure from this time-honored custom would be unwise, unpatriotic and fraught with peril to our free institutions.

Also, that the Pennsylvania republican convention on May 26, 1875, adopted the following anti-third term resolution as part of the party platform:

Resolved, That we declare firm, unqualified adherence to the unwritten law of the republic which wisel and under the sanction of the most venerable examples limits the presidential service of any citizen to two terms, and we, the republicans of Pennsylvania, in recognition of this law, are unalterably opposed to the election to the presidency of any person for a third term.

to the presidency of any person for a third term.

As also that the Obio republican convention adopted the following anti-third term resolution as part of the republican platform on June 2, 1875:

The observance of Washington's example in retiring at the close of a second presidential term will be in the future, as it has been in the past, regarded as a fundamental rule in the unwritten law of the republic.

Also that the Iowa republicans adopted the following resolution condemning the third-term policy on June 30, 1875:

Resolved, That the republican party of Iowa oppose a third term, and believe that President Grant's letter to General White fairly removes that issue from our politics.

Also that the Minnesota republican convention in July, 1875, adopted the following anti-third term resolution as part of their platform:

Also that the Minnesota republican convention in July, 1875, adopted the following anti-third term resolution as part of their platform:

Resolved, That we accept with approbation the letter of President Graut discouraging the continuance in office of any magistrate of the nation for a longer period than two terms.

Also that the New York republican convention, on September 28, 1875, adopted the following third-term resolution as part of the platform:

Recognizing as conclusive the president's public declaration that he is not a candidate for renomination and with the sincerest gratitude for his patriotic services, we declare our unalterable opposition to the election of any president for a third term.

Also that the Massachusetts republican convention in the same year adopted the following anti-third term resolution:

That sound reason, as well as the wise and unbroken usage of the republic, illustrated by the example of Washington, requires that the term of the chief magistrate of the United States should not exceed a second term.

Also that the ex-president, who now seeks a renomination for a third term, said in his last annual message, December 5, 1876:

With the present term of congress my official life terminates. It is not probable that public affairs will eyer sain receive attention from me further than as a citizen of the republic always taking a deep interest in the honor, integrity and prosperity of the whole land.

Also that he wrote to General Harry White, of Pennsylvania, on May 29, 1875:

I would not accept a nomination if it were tendered, unless it should come under such circumstances are timely to arise.

Having thus cited a large number of republican declarations against the third term, and they almost all carpet-baggers. The regulbicans are not yet ready to declare themselves against the third term, and they almost all carpet-baggers. The regulbicans are not yet ready to declare themselves against

all flannels, blankets, hats of wool and knit goods, 40 per cent; all other articles not herein otherwise specified and named in schedule L of said section and title, 45 per cent; steel railway bars, I cent per pound. The committee adjourned till Saturday, when the remaining articles of the bill will be disposed of. These include wood pulp, on which the bill proposes to place a duty of 10 per cent; jute butts, \$3 per ton; all other fibres and fibrous materials for the manufacture of paper. \$10 per ton. facture of paper, \$10 per ton.

The president sent the senate the follow ing nominations: Charles E. Robinson, collector of customs for the district of Albermarle, N. C.; William B. Hyman, sur veyor of customs for the district of New Orleans.

In Congress. THE SENATE.

Mr. Hoar submitted a resolution instructing the judiciary committee to report the bill providing compensatin for all persons whose ships were destroyed by the confederate cruisers during the late rebellion from moneys received under the Geneva award. Laid over under the rules.

Mr. Morgan submitted a resolution providing a rule for country, the electrical

vote. Referred to a select committee on the subject.
Mr. Eaton, from the committee on appropriations, reported favorably on the bili appropriating \$250,000 for public printing, and said he had intended to ask for its present consideration, but understanding that the senator from Minnesota (Windom) in-tended to offer a certaiu amendment, he would not ask it. He would prefer not to would not ask it. He would prefer not to have any public printing rather than renew the fight over the marshals appropriation.

Mr. Edmunds asked the present consideration of the bill and it was taken up. Mr. Windom offered an amendment appropriating \$600,000 to pay marshals and their deputies. This was opposed by Messrs. Eaton and Davis, of West Virginia, Saulsbury and Bailey, and advocated by Messrs. Edmunds, Conkling and Windom, the latter referring to the closing of the United States court in New York, and saying the amendment provided for as necessary an outlay as the bill itself did. President protem Thurman decided on the point of order that the amendment was in order, this not being the general appropriation bill.

During the debate on Mr. Windom's amendment Mr. Saulsbury said the president having shown unwillingness to sign

amendment Mr. Saulsbury said the pres-dent having shown unwillingness to sig the bills having riders, he was obliged to vote against the proposed amendment Mr. Edmunds paderstood the president objection was to the riders making ne-laws as a condition upon which congress would vote money to conduct the govern-ment. This amendment was not such

rider, it merely provided for expenses already incurred under the existing laws The United States court in New York has closed already, and unless the money was soon appropriated the president might be obliged to say to all those connected with the administration, of justice that congress having evinced unwillingness to appropriate money to carry on that administration.

having evinced unwillingness to appropriate money to carry on that administration; they must stop operations.

Mr. Eaton said if the president ever said that, he would say what was untrue. Congress was always ready to vote money to carry on the government, but they proposed to do it in their own proper way and not to be lectured like school children on the way they should do their duty.

Mr. Baily thought the amendment premature, as the president's objection was only to the form of legislation, and not its substance. The house would, probably—having respect to its legislative rights and privileges—pass the bill over the veto.

Mr. Windom said if the bill itself was not premature his amendment was not, for it provided for a service more important than the printing service, which was simply a matter of convenience. Mr. Conkling said the senators had a right to consider other reasons than those named by the president in his veto, why they should vote against passing a bill over a veto. There was further debate of a similar character, after which Mr. Windom's amendment was rejected by a party vote, and the bill was passed without a division. Subsequently Mr. Bayard introduced a bill regulating the pay and appointment of special deputy marshals. Referred to the judiciary committee.

Mr. Coke, from the commerce committee, reported favorably on the bill abolishing all tolls at the Louisville and Portland canal. Placed on the calendar.

Mr. Butler presented a memorial of the Charleston medical college favoring the bill increasing the efficacy of the marine hospital service.

Mr. Kirkwood, from the post-office committee.

Mr. Kirkwood, from the post-office committee, reported favorably on the bill authorizing the postmaster general to treat the mail service between East St. Louis and St. Louis as other than railway service, and let it to the lowest bidder. Placed on the calendar.

The morning hour expired, and the senate resumed the consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill, the discussion of which occupied the entire

trict of Columbia appropriation bill, the discussion of which occupied the entire afternoon.

Mr. Morgan called attention to the fact that most of two days had been spent in wrangling over amendments touching local disputes. The senate of the United States had turned itself into a town council. He was more than ever convinced that the district should have local government. The bill was finally passed at 6 a. m.

The conference report on Indian appropriation was then taken up, but without action the senate adjourned.

The Kellong-Spofford resolutions are temporarily laid aside subject to a call at any time.

Mr. Davis, of California, offered an amendment authorizing the postmaster-general to remit in favor of the colonies of New Zealand and New South Wales so nuch of the cost of overland transportation of the Australian closed mails as he may deem just. Adopted. The appropriation for route agents was increased by \$50,000, and for transportation

The committee then rose and reported the bill to the house. The main question was ordered, pending which the house took a recess until 10:30 o-morrow morning.

CIRCUS CRAZY.

The Good People of New Jersey Go Wild Over a Circus.

Wild Over a Circus.

Paterson, N. J., May 5.—The public mind was greatly inflamed several days ago by the appearance of highly pictorial circus posters on all of the billboards, and for a week the people did little else than talk circus. The circus was to have performed on Friday. Early in the morning the people began to arrive in the city, some of them coming fully thirty miles in wagons, and before the time for the performance to begin the streets were thronged. The circus fever had taken told of the mill hands with such a grip that several of the factories were not opened at all in the morning. Others began work, but were compelled to suspend. In one instance the foreman tried to keep the hands in by locking the gate, but the gate was opened in response to a threat on the part of the hands that they would throw him into the mill race if he persisted in trying to detain them. One man who—was refused leave to go jumped out of a window and cut his leg on the glass. He spent the morning in getting his leg sewed up, and when he went back to the mill in the afternoon he was discharged. Such excitement among the mill hands was never before known.

And after all this excitement the wind on Friday. Early in the morning the people began to arrive in the city, some of them coming fully thirty miles in wagons, and before the time for the performance to begin the streets were thronged. The circus fever had taken told of the mill hands with such a grip that several of the factories were not opened at all in the morning. Others began work, but were compelled to suspend. In one instance the foreman tried to keep the hands in by locking the gate, but the gate was opened in response to a threat on the part of the hands that they would throw him into the mill race if he persisted in trying to detain them. One man who—was refused leave to go jumped out of a window and cut his leg on the glass. He spent the morning in getting his leg sewed up, and when he went back to the mill in the afternoon he was discharged. Such excitement among the mill hands was never before known.

And after all this excitement the wind was so high that the tents could not be put up, and there was no show.

The Haptists.

Lexington, Ky., May 5.—The Southern Baptist convention assembled this morning in the First Baptist church. About three hundred delegates were present. Dr. J. P. Boyce, of Kentucky, last president, called the convention to order. Dr. P. H. Hill, of Georgia, was elected president, and ex Governor J. E. Brown, of Georgia, ex-Governor P. H. Leslie, of Virginia, Rev. Dr. E. T. Winkler, of Alabama, and W. R. Yeaman, of Missouri, vice-presidents. C. E. W. Dobbs, D. D., of Kentucky, and Rev. O. F. Gregory, of South Carolina, were chosen as secretaries. Rev. Lansing Burrows, of Lexington, delivered the opening address.

Petersburg, Va., May 6.—Intelligence from different sections of the state report a greater scarcity in the tobacco crop than has been known for a number of years; those growing being rapidly destroyed by the tobacco fly. The farmers are so discouraged that in many instances ground prepared for tobacco is being planted with corn and peas. It is thought not more than one-fourth the usual crop of tobacco will be made this year.

Cuban Affairs. Special dispatch to The Constitution HAVANA, May 6.-Advices from Hay HAYANA, May 6.—Advices from Hayi say that a decree has been issued orderin that from the day of its promulgation ever foreigner pursuing any industry without previous license from the president, an every foreigner doing business otherwisthan as commission merchants shall be roported to a competent tribunal; and if foun guilty his goods shall be confiscated and line of from \$100 to \$400 be imposed.

Bosron, May 6.—Considerable excitemen was occasioned in business circles here to day by the announcement of the suspension of John C. Watson and D. C. Weeks, prominent stock brokers, largely interested in Hartford and Erie bonds: The amount of Watson's liabilities is between three and four hundred thousand dellars.

B'nia B'rith. Special dispatch to The Constitution.

Montie, May 6.—The convention of B'nai B'rith adjourned this evening meet in Vicksburg next year. FOR THE CURIOUS

were in the contract price before such expedition. Provided that this provise shall not preval, when the present contractor desires to continue the contract as reduced. Agreed to; ayes 82, nays 2022.

The Davis, of Californis, offered an amendment provided by law, or the law of the contract price before such expedition. Provided that this provise shall not preval, when the present contractor desires to continue the contract as reduced. Agreed to; ayes 82, nays 2022.

The Davis, of Californis, offered an apackage containing \$19,500 in bonds were a package containing \$19,500 in bonds were in the contract price before such expedition. Provided that this provise shall not preval, when the present contractor desires to continue the contract as reduced. Agreed to; ayes 82, nays 2022.

The postmastera package containing \$19,500 in bonds were taken. Ten thousand dollars of the bonds are of the Cincinnati Southern railroad and are of the Cincinnati Southern railroad and belong to Mrs. C. S. Brent of this city. Nine thousand five hundred dollars are Carlisle, Ky., bonds, the property of Mrs. John Marshall, of Covington, Ky. Payment on the latter can be stopped, but the bank officials say the Southern railroad bonds can only

say the Southern railroad bonds can only be regained by a compromise with the burglars. It is supposed the parties mentioned in the foregoing are the guilty ones. Somerset, Ky., May 3.—Your reporter has just been informed by a gentleman of Wayne county of a desperate affair which took place last Thursday night, the particulars of which are about as follows: Some time last fall a man named Phillips killed

proved to be John Will Smith, who lived in the northern part of this, Pulaski coun-ty. In the first scuffle Mrs. Powell pulled a handkerchief from the face of one of the attacking party, and says she recognized Phillips, the man who had threatened her husband. On the following morning Powell went to Monticello, procured warrants, and three of the men were arrested and are now

RICHMOND, VA., May 6.—A scene perfectly unique in Richmond's ecclesiastical history occurred at the First African church yesterday, afternoon. This otherch has a membership often stated to by the largest in the world. On the lat of January the in the world. On the lat of January the roll showed 4,004 communicants. Rev. J. H. Holmes, a married colored man of middle age, has long been the pastor, and in an unusual degree enjoyed the respect of the community, white and colored. Some weeks ago he was charged with loving, not wisely, but too many. Attention was directed toward him by a fight between two sisters, each claiming to pussess, it is said, more of his affection than the other. The matter was investigated and the

sisters, each claiming to passes, it is said, more of his affection than the other. The matter was investigated and the case brought to trial, when the holmes was acquitted by a vote of 6 to 1. The minority, however, refused to yield. They claimed that the women of the church had, by their persistent endeavors and irrepressible cackling, secured the acquittal. Another meeting was called for yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. When the doors were opened the members flocked in, the women being sent to the galleries and the men occupying seats on the main floor. Deacon Allen took the chair and a motion was made by the minority to adjourn until to night. From that moment there was confusion equal to that of a ward meeting and lunatic asylum combined. No such wholesale talking was ever heard here. The women in the galleries worked their tongues with amszing zeal and fearful results. The chairman cried "Order!" but there was no order; but quite the contrary. At last so alarming became the flood of words and so evident the purpose of the fillbusterers that some of the deacons sent for the mayor and police. Mayor Carrington and the chief of police, with about twelve men, went to the church, where they found all the members standing and talking as uproariously as ever. What little the chairman said went floating down the corridors of time along with the jeers and imprecations of the minority and the denunciations and yells of the majority. As no blows had been struck the mayor declined to interfere, but posted the squad of police on the aidewalk ready for emergency. The tongue tournament lasted two sod a half hours and resulted in absolute and entire stoppage of business and an increase of ill feeling. At 6 p.m. both sides, being exhausted by their passionate demonstration, left the church. Though Holme, has five or six to one on his side the minority will never let him ascend

Prince Bismarck, at a recent parliamentar soirce, declared that he was ready to come to terms with the vatican, but the vatical nust testify its willingness by acts instead of words. If it did not, things must remain as they are now; nevertheless, to be ready for all contingencies, perhaps he would de-mand full power from the landtag to use his

iscretion in regard to the application discretion in regard to the application of May laws.

The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says that the fact that Earl Granville, foreign secretary, took the initiative in the collective representation to the porte for the purpose of effecting a direct understanding of the Montenegrin affair between the powers, has given great satisfaction at the Austrian chancellery.

Count Dubsky, Austrian ambassador at Constantinople. was immediately

ed that he would not oppose Austria in any way as long as she adhered to the treaty of Berlin. Nothing could be more satisfactory as Austria has no idea of violating it.

The race for the great Creshire hand-cap stakes came off at the Crester meeting today, and was won easily by R Jardine's Humbert; Lord Hasting's The Mandarin, second; W. H. Manser's Lace Shawl, third; F. Gretton's R salind, fourth, and Bowe's Reconciliation. last. Reconciliation, last.
The Sportsman publishes a letter saving t is not likely that Trickett will visit Eng

land, as Hanlan refuses to fix a time and place for the contest.

The London correspondent of the Edinburgh Scotsman says he hears that Lords Stratheden and Campbell will be the chief

Stratheden and Campbell will be the chief proprietors of a new London evening newspaper, which is about to appear under the editorship of Frederick Greenwood, formerly editor of the Pall Mall Gazette.

A dispatch from Cape Townsays that Sir Garnet Wolsley embarked for England yesterday, the 4th instant. Before leaving Natal he had an interview with John Dunn, who reported that throughout Zululand the feeling regarding the settlement of affairs there is satisfactory. General Wolsley deprecates any reactionary policy in South African matters.

A dispatch from Berlin to the Standard says: "Bankruptcy is rife in Constantinople. As a means of postponing the payment of army and civil service contracts, the government has their claims referred

ment of army and civil service contracts, the government has their claims referred to innumerable commissions.

A suspension is announced of Dale & Eccles, Liverpool brokers of Outram & Co.,

IRELAND.

DUBLIN, May 6.—At the meeting of the Mansion House relief committee to-day it was announced that there were only \$33,-926 on hand. Letters were read from various districts regarding the continuance of the distress. The question of getting up a drawing of prizes in aid of the relief fund, which has diminished so much, was mentioned, but on consideration was postponed. A deputation was appointed to wait upon Mr. Foster, chief see etary for Ireland, to make a representation of the condition of the country. The general feeling of the committee was that the crisis was never more alarming, as the subscriptions are falling off while the distress is increasing.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

St. Petersburg, May 6—The Galor, replying to the statement of the Berlin Post, that no real Russian statesman would rely on Mr. Gladstone's alliance with panslavites, says: The Russian independent press and Russian public opinion welcomed the vietory of the English liberals not because it was hoped that their policy would release Russia from her Berlin treaty engagements, but because Russia elseires the peace which is gnaranteed by Mr. Gladstone's cabinet. The Bereg advises Russian newspapers, in order to prevent dangerous illusions, to beware of forming too hasty conclusions concerning the policy of the English cabinet.

RIO DE JANKIRO, May 6.—The empeopened the Brazilian chambers yesterda la his speech from the throne he said to relations with foreign powers were said to an arms.

THE RAILROADS.

TOM SCOTT AND THE TEXAS PACIFIC.

He Thinks it One of the Best Reads in the Coup try—The Pennsylvania Railroad—The Preight War—A High-Handed Act —Other Items of Interest.

A TALK WITH COLONEL THOMAS A. SCOTT. biladelphia correspondence New York Tribune Colonel Scott received the Tribune cor respondent at his house this afternoon, and to an inquiry concerning his health replied: "I am a little better than I have been. I was at the office as usual to-day attending to my duties. I resign because I want to get rid of the arduous duties incident to such a large corporation. I believe, and my doctors tell me, that with complete rest I can recover my health, and I follow their advice in resigning. I shall not go abroad, but shall take my rest here.

"I read the Tribune this morning. I see Mr. Reid speaks of me. He says that Texasdead up to date is sixty-five. The relief pacific was the mistake of my life. Tel committee is now giving aid to 300 persons. him that Texas-Pacific is to-day one of the best roads in the country, with a great future. It does not owe one dollar to anybody. The floating debt, which was nece sary to raise to build it, has all been paid off. The equivalent debt, which is a very small one of \$20,000 a mile, is the only debt it has and it is secured. It is also secured by land grants. The Texas-Pacific is perfectly able to take care of itself. We are building 400 miles to El Paso, as you know. After that it remains to be seen what will be done. In a year it will tap New Orleans, so as to have a port on the gulf as well as the Atlantic seaboard. It is and will be a great road. When I was before congress for a subsidy, Mr. Reid's paper opposed me. That was all right. I am very glad we did not get it. We are better off for having had to rely on our own resources. We applied for aid, because we thought that was an economical way to build a road. I don't think so now. The government should not grant aid to any road. It is a mistake."

grant aid to any road. It is a mistake."

"Did the idea ever occur to you favorably of the government obtaining control of the railroads of the country?"

"It would be the greatest mistake possible both for the railroads and the government. The government could not run them. There are too many now. They must turn to and develop themselves. They are to day just beginning to fulfill the promises made in 1873, especially in the west."

"Do you think the railroad future of the country will be unfavorably affected by the present tendency to centralization of power, the one-man countrol?"

"Not in the least. The west must develop and the increased production, which means increased business, must come last. With a calm, conservative administration of affairs for the next twenty years we must reach in railroading, as in all else, an unexampled era of prosperity."

ampled era of prosperity."
"Is the future of the Pennsylvania road to be now through new lines and new connections or the development of its present ter-

be now through new lines and new connections or the development of its present territory?"

"Is not that enough? Developing its present territory is its future. The increasing productivenes of the west can find no other distributing points than those it now has—Louisville, Cincinnati, St. Louis and Chicago; especially Chicago. Here is the great contest. We have all these outlets and shall develop the road at them. With a conservative administration the Pennsylvania has a great future. To day it is the first road in this or any other country in point of efficiency, equipment and system of doing business. It is Al throughout and can easily take and attend to three or four times the volume of business it now has with its present and immediate facilities. Its policy of spending money on its track and equipment has proved a wise one. It is for any road the best plan.
"I am sorry to leave it. Naturally thirty years form the not easily broken. But the work is too much for me; the strain is too great. Railroad men in America have too much to do. I see Mr. Vanderbilt is thinking of rest. I leave the road in perfect condition. It is a the head of all railroads.

ing of rest. I leave the road in perfect conduction. It is at the head of all railroads in the country and can now take care of self. I placed it in the saddle and it will ride now like a finished horsman. But I'm sorry to leave my associates. The doctors

compel me." THE FREIGHT WAR.

THE FREIGHT WAR.

Cincinnati Gazette, 4th.

The freight war was of short duration. It was expected that the fight would open yesterday morning with renewed vigor, and all parties concerned seemed anxious that it should, but early in the morning, before anything could be done, a telegram came flying over the wires from Lousville to the pool agents, from the commissioner, giving them a lashing that will not be forzotten soon, and ordering them peremptorily to withdraw not only from the fight, but to quote the old tariffrates, which was simply not quoting at all. The lashing was not, however, for cutting the rates, for positive instructions had been received to secretly offer rebates, but for being found out. So the agents of the pool lines were merely lookers-on yesterday. Whether this is the end, or a temporary withdrawal in order to prepare for another attack a day or two will tell. As the matter now stands the Southern is the winner. The very emphatic and determined way it entered the fight satisfied the pool lines that they had undertaken a bigger job than they could well handle.

A HIGH HANDED ACT.

A HIGH HANDED ACT. Columbus Enquirer. ment of army and civit service contracts, the government has their claims referred to innumerable commissions.

A suspension is announced of Dale & Eccles, Liverpool brokers of Outram & Co., Preston cotton manufacturer, whose suspension was reported on the fifth.

The king of Sism has abandoned his journey abroad for the present on account of ill health.

Mr. Goachin has been appointed ambassador to Turkey.

The St. Petersburg semi-official Beerg says the story of the arrest of Shevitch is a mere canard.

A correspondent of the Times at Paris says the economic and political condition of France has rarely been more tranquil and promising than now. Taxes, though enormous, are being collected without trouble or delay, and they so greatly exceed at the estimates that the difficulty is not how to make two ends meet, but how to make most equitable remissions. The legal proceedings to enforce the payment of direct taxes have been rarer, and if the crops fail this will be a good year to guard against such failure.

Dublin, May 6.—At the meeting of the Dublin, May 6.—At the meeting of the process of the victor of

Galveston, May 6.—A special to the News from Messila, New Mexico, says that Cooney's mining camp, in the Mongolen mountains, was attacked on Thursday evening by Indians, supposed to be Victoria's band. One man was killed and one wounded. The attack was made about sundown, and the men being scattered little resistance could be made. The attack was renewed on Friday morning, and the fighting was continued until night, thirty white men being engaged against forty or fifty Indians. Four whites were killed and two wounded. The Indian loss is not known. They disappeared, and it is not known in what direction they went. Upon the receipt of the news in Silver City two companies, nambering sixty-five men, were organ ized and started in search.

DOWN IN DIXIE

LEXINGTON, KY., celebrated May day by opening her \$50,000 hotel. SALLIE GRAY, a colored woman of Mer. Miss., is 117 years old. Miss., is 117 years old.

A MAN in Murray county, Ky., forty years old, never saws nickel until last week.

THE average of the wheat crop in Kentucky is five per cent. greater than last year.

A FULL organization of the Pernandina and Jacksonville milroad has been effected.

GRAND lodge of Odd Fellows of Alabama will hold their annual session in Talladers, May 10.

REV. J. J. BECKSON, of Sc stung by five hundred bees. was despaired of. THE soft bluestone rock which to scope of the prairie region of Ten-full six hundred feet thick at She About two hundred he the different branch outh Florida milroad fre

three horses, and is out of deb Mr. J. L. Rauses, of Newber crop of peas on the 1st of 1

its humorous and estirical paragraphs, are copied from one end of the country to the other. It aims always to be the brightest and the best—newsy. ion by liberal but concise quotations from all im contemporaries. It alms, in short, to more than ever deserve to be known as "the leading south-

The market reports of THE CONSTITUTION are the commercial community an accurate repro-duction of the various phases of trade as well as the latest quotations. In this respect THE CONSTITUTION aims to render itself indispossible to every business man within the range of its

rion offers the most profitable field to be know to what purpose they are investing their daily circulation of THE CONSTITUTION IS considerably larger than than that of any newspaper south of the Potomac, the books of the establishment are open to those who desire to reach the public by means of advertisements. ness men could ask for no more convincing

compendium of the news of the week and conany other weekly issued from the office of a daily. newspaper. Its news and miscellaneous con-tents are the freshest and its market reports the

THE SOUTHERN CULTIVATOR.

This, the best, the most reliable and most popular of southern agricultural journals is issued from the printing establishment of The Consti-tution. It is still edited by Mr. W. L. Jones, and is devoted to the best interests of the farmers of the south. It is sent at reduced rates with the Weekiy edition of TRECONSTITUTION.

S. Jane	TERMS OF SUBJURITION.
Dally (constitution\$ 10 00 a year.
30 ths.10	" 5 CO six months.
**	2 50 threemonths
Weekly	Constitution 1 50 a year.
**	" 1 00 stx months.
	" Clubs of 10, 12 50 a year.
44	" Clubs of 20, 20 00 "
Souther	n Cultivator 1 50 "
	" Clubs of 10, 12 50 "
44	" Clubs of 20, 20 00 "

tivator to one address 2 50 for one year. Entered as second-class matter, at the Atlahte post-office, December 11, 1879. ATLANTA, GA., MAY 7, 1880.

THE conventions of yesterday and to day will complete the week's political work, and then a posting of the books will be in order. It is plain now that the week has been very poor in results for the Grant boom. Blaine comes out of it stronger than ever before.

In a speech from the throne the Emperor Dom Pedro officially informs the world of two important facts-that the of a railroad, from the granting of vellow fever had disappeared from Rio, charter to the perfection of the which is his capital city, and that the line, places the corporation under provinces in the northern part of the empire which have long been distressed by The privileges for which it petitions the bad crops and a want of rain, have found state are extraordinary, and the granting relief. The Brazilians are therefore of these privileges renders a railroad pe-

least not, until his health improves. His visit at the head of an immense retinue was one of the obligations that General Grant incurred in his free-lunch swing around the world. Congress is not disposed to meet such obligations in a princely way, and taking one consideration with another it is perhaps best that the king's health became delicate.

THE policy of delay is being beautifully put into execution by Speaker Randall's ways and means committee. About the time that congress is ready to adjourn, the high-protection majority of that committee will be willing to let a report be made embracing some of the demands of the people. The whole course of the committee is the reverse of fair play and justice. It smothers the will of the house and of the people, and quietly defies either to help themselves. The worst of it is, the democratic party will be held responsible for the course of this handful of men who have conspired to keep intact all the privileges that the enormities of the teriff confer.

Georgia in Congress

The bill for the registration of trademarks was taken from the speaker's table on Tuesday of last week. Mr. Hammond skillfully guided the discussion, and at its close he offered a number of amendments, every one of which were adopted. Mr. Hammond demanded the previous question on the passage of the bill, and the bill was passed. Mr. Smith presented the petition of O. D. Scott, president, and other officers and patrons of the South Georgia college at Thomasville, for arms and equipments for two compa-

Mr. Murch, from the committee on public buildings, reported on Wednesday of last week a bill to provide for the erection of a public building in Augusta. On the following day the post-route bill was passed by the house just as it came from the senate. During the debate upon the internal revenue bill an article of the Washington Republican was read full of abuse of the people of northern established by the commission. We only know that it was prepared with an eye Georgia. Mr. Cook immediately got the floor to reply to it. We give his remarks

in full: Mr. Chairman, that whole statement has been proved to be absolutely false, and a scandalous and unwarranted strack upon the people of that part of the state. I do not represent the minth district. I do not live in reach of that people. There is no distilery in my own district, and never has been. I live in acountry which has nothing but apples and fruit out of which liquor could be distilled. The people of my district therefore are not concerned in the manufacture, but I know that the statement which has just been read is a false accusation against the people who live in that part of the state. It refers to a district which defeated the regular democratic nominee in the last election, and sent a man here who opposed him. But there are many good people there, and though there may have been and doubtlees have been violations of the law in some few instances, yet it is unjust so make asweeping charge of that kind against the whole community. I will venture the assertion that there is more lilicit distillation in one cay in the city of Ciscin-nation read of the countries. sum sufficient to hand-somely endow a half dozen educational institutions. The tariff of the commission is not what the corporations object to. They object to

tion from W petition of J. I. Pope and others, i stablishment of a po

of the petition of the road which

end. Such is the tendency of the times,

that the partisan supreme court, to

right to protect their citizens against the

organized rapacity of corporations of their

own creation, but in the end the people

of Georgia will find a way to protect

themselves, even if they have to take

advantage of the very power to which

the railroads are now so strenuously ap-

PERHAPS the railroads will be no bette

pleased with federal intervention and legis

ation than they are with state legislation.

national commission, the probabilities are

hat it will not by any means be as polite

and as accommodating as the state commis-

ion. However, we suppose that some Hon.

Mustard Q. Jesso would rise up and peti-

WHILE other candidates in both partie

eem to repine and decline, the health of

Mr. Tilden grows healthier and healthier

He is that robust that his least active

some idea of the protuberance of Mr. Til-

CONKLING says the third term business i

made a few remarks to a Mr. Sprague last

verified. The Utica senator should accom-

is, an honest man controlled by John Kelly

loesn't care whether he is a republican o

WE propose to keep up with the New

York Tribune. Editor Reid is still opposed

o Grant and the third term, but we have

already prepared a map of the position he

Ir the federal courts should decide that

he state has no right to control corpora-

ions of its own creation to the extent of

protecting its own citisens, the people will

have to get a couple of locomotives and a

gravel train in order to be as powerful as

uch able railroads as the Suwanny, Flus-

By boarding them on the European plan

John Sherman's delegates to Chicago won't

Wm beg to call the attention of the es

tion of a consumptive deputy marshal or

day in the rain with no one to offer him a

shot-gun. The guardians of our quietude

toddy, but a real live, fighting issue.

cost him more than eighty cents a day.

tered and Worsted railroad.

will occupy when Grant is nominated.

pany his statements with affidavits.

THE Kelly crowd complain because

ion the court of queen's bench for relief.

If the people are compelled to resort to

ested an anxious desire to des lumber interests along its line, it will be the worse for the corporations in the

Felton presented the petition of the Savannah medical college for the passage of the bill to increase the efficiency of the marine hospital service. Leave of absence was granted to Mr. Nicholls for two weeks. Mr. Felton presented the petition of James C. Warner & Co., of Rising Fawn, and of Edward Nicholls, of Ridge Valley, for the passage of the Eaton bill, providing for the appointment of a tariff commission.

Railroads and State Rights.

The petition of Morris K. Jesup and his railroad colleagues for federal interference in behalf of the poor down-trodden corporations, which are in danger of being compelled to deal fairly and honestly by the people of the state, is worthy of serious consideration-and when a matter is worthy of serious consideration it is well to simplify it so that there may be no excuse for any misunderstanding. It is to be observed, in the first place that the petition of the railroads for federal interference virtually denies that the state has any right to compel them, although they are creatures of the state. to transact their business in the interest of the people. No matter to what excess the rapacity of railroad managers may lead, the

state has no right to step in and protect its citizens. A state may pass a law having for its purpose the preventio of unjust discriminations and downright extortion, but, according to the railroads, it has no right to carry the law into effect, because that would be an attempt to 'manage" the affairs of the corporations. Such is the theory of those who now petition for federal interference, and such we regret to say, is the view of the Savannah News, which, until now, has always been among the first to take alarm whenever there has been a threatened invasion of a state under the partisan and extra-judicial rulings of the federal courts. Up to the present writing, to

rary has not taken cognizance of the plain purpose which underlies the effort of Morris K. Jesup and his colleagues, but it has steadily maintained that the state has no right to prevent unjust disriminations in the only way that they have ever been prevented, namely, by regulating the rates charged by railroads through the medium of a fair and equitable tariff, always open to revision and readjustment. We started out, however, to simplify the discussion by the statement of a few facts in connection with

be sure, our Savannah contempo-

the extraordinary position taken by the Every step taken in the construction peculiar obligations to the people. culiarly the subject of legislation, es-

powerful and rapacious enough to sup-OUR white republican friends do not seen pose that it can ignore with impunity to admire the interest which THE CONSTITU the obligations which it owes to the state. rion takes in the future welfare of the col-There is not, we trust, a thoughtful perored man. The trouble is that the educason in the country who does not recogtion of the negro is fatal to the purposes of our white republican friends, and they are nize and appreciate the fundamental fact more than glad to drop him when he reaches that the people do not grant extraordinary that point in his development where he can powers and privileges to railway corporano longer be made a tool of. tions for the purpose of placing them-A SURPLUS of twelve millions of dollars selves at the mercy of these corporations. There is not a thoughtful person who does not know that the state has the absolute right to control every railway cor-

arbitration for the hearing of the com-

plaints of those who are the victims of

extortion and unjust discriminations, and

constitution which prevides for the regu-

lation of commerce between the states.

The question becomes of vast political

For what purpose was the commis

sion appointed? To prevent extor-

tion and unjust discriminations-to

so regulate railroad charges that no citi-

sen and no class of citizens, no section

and no station, shall have more than a

relative advantage over other citizens and

other points in the transportation of

freights and passengers. Obviously

nough this could only be accomplished

by giving the commission power to im-

pose just and reasonable regulations-

other methods have been tried by the

states that have long ago found it neces-

not defending or insisting upon the tariff

to the interests of the railroads as well as

to the interests of the people, and that the

charge is known as the most successful

railroad administrator in Georgia. We

know that its defects would work no in-

jury to either the railroads or the people,

for they would be promptly cured. But

railroads have never even tested it. They

do not know whether it would work to

their injury or to their interest. They

only know that they no longer have the power of concealing the inca-

pacity of their management by making raids upon special interests, special

classes or special points, and they

therefore petition the federal authorities

to declare that the state has no right to regulate the rapacity of corporations of its own creation. It is a piece of amazing effrontery that this movement should be headed by the alleged proprietors of a corporation in whose behalf the people

of the state are compelled to pay an annual tax of fifty-four thousand dollars—a

the principle. They take the extraordi-

mmissioner who particularly had it in

ommission was appointed.

importance.

was paid into the treasury by the tax-payers of the country during April, and still a democratic ways and means committee reporation within her domain. No constifuses to reduce the war-taxation new col tutional provision is necessary to give ected on articles of prime necessity in the interest of the monopolies. this right. If the state is a state the right is inherent and inevitable. If the state GEORGIA POLITICS. is not a state, as Morris K. Jesup and his

colleagues are anxious to have the federal THE Laurens county democrats will meet ogether on the first day of June.

MEETINGS have been held in Jones and udiciary affirm and declare, then Georgia has no right to appoint even a board of Wilkinson counties, protesting against the retirement of Mr. Blottnt from congress.

Ir is stated that the friends of Hon. J. C. Clement are anxious to nominate him for conthe people can only have redress in federal legislation under that clause of the

Washington correspondence Macon Tele graph: "Mr. Hammond, of the Atlanta district has gone home for ten days. I don't know whether or not he desifes a re-nomination, but States has an ablef, inore faithful or accomplished representative than his."

WE have heard nothing lately of the threat which Dr. Felton made to John J: Jones, of Bastow, to the effect that he would become a free lance in the fight. Perhaps the republicans have concluded that the doctor really did make republicanism respectable in the seventh district, and are preparing to support him again. IRWINTON Southerner and Appeal: "Mr. Jonathan Norcross claims that there are thirty thousand white republicans in this state who are to-day affiliating with the democratic party only because they do not care to place themselves on an equality with the negroes. Mr. Norcross is Frong. For the sake of office the average repubpower to establish equitable rates. All lican is willing to accept equality with anybody

or anything."

sary to circumvent the natural rapacity -The prince of Wales is rapidly attainof corporations, but this only has been found practicable. Under these circumng aldermanic proportions. —At least thirteen bands of brigands are actively and profitably at work in Spain. stances the organic law of Georgia was adopted and for this purpose the railroad -The king of Sweden is the Downey of his country. He prints poems at the public Let it be understood here that we are

expense.

—The sale of diamonds is said to be larger in New York than at any time for larger in New York than at any time for the past seven years.

—The first state election to occur after the Chicago convention will be Oregon's. It will take place June 7.

—"Grant and Bruce," according to the Boston Post, is just too lovely a blonde and brunette team for anything.

—Is there any "boomer" who has not been written up? If there is, he must be the darkest kind of a "dark horse." —Suspension bridge at Niagara falls is to be entirely rebuilt the coming summer, and Bessemersteel will be used largely in

—If telephones come into use for spreading sermons, remarks the Derrick, the man who passes the contribution box will need a horse and carriage. The world is always interested to know the last words of a man. It doesn't care so much about those of a woman. She has had her last word all through life.

-It is awful hard to realize that a woman -It is awill hard to realize that a woman is an angel when one sees her pick up a clothes prop fourteen feet long to drive a two-ounce chicken out of the yard.

-Ten different men claim to have first got the idea of the telepione. This is rather confusing to the angry man with a pistol, whose roof has been all attring over with wires.

-The piano and guitar are no longer beard in Hartford, but fashionable young ladies seize the banjo, put on the look of an end-man, and thump away until cats fly to garrets and dogs how! with fear.

-Krupp, of Essen, he lately bought \$5,000 tons of 6wedish iron, which will be conveyed in thirty steamers to Pomeranian harbors, for conversion into the killing machines, Germany's main manufacture.

which the case will finally go, may deny the principle that the states have the

York hospitals.

—Johnny wanted to go to the circus, and his father said: "Johnny, I'd rather you'd go to school, and study, and may be you'll be president some day." Said Johnny: "Father, there's about a million boys in the United States, isn't there?" "Yes." "And every one of them stands a chance of teing president?" "Yes." "Well, dad, I'll sell out my chance for a circus ticket." The poet seized his gray goose-quill, And he banged, with a deep, deep scowl, hi head;
"Let me put my words in immortal verse,
For I have a grand idea," he said.

But, alas! the ink it was frozen stiff,
And sgainst the wall he the ink-stand hurl
And the red sun sank in a sea of cloud,
And that grand idea was lost to the world.
—New York Clippe -The members of Gladstone's cabinet as

-The members of Gladstone's cabinet average 56 years of age. Individually they rank in age as follows: Premier Gladstone, 70; John Bright, 68; Lord Selborne, 67; Earl Granville, 65; Mr. Forster, 62; the duke of Argyll, 57; Mr. Dodson, 55; the earl of Kimberley, 54; Lord Northbrook, 54; Mr. Childers, 52; Sir William Vernon Harcourt, 52; the marquis of Hartington, 46; Earl Spencer, 45; Joseph Chamberlain, 44.

Thomsonds of tops of Limburger cheese Thousands of tons of Limburger cherse are produced every season, mostly in the states of New York and Wisconsin, at a cost of less than half that of the imported ar-ticle. It finds its market and is consumed mostly by our German-American popula-tion. It is more profitable to the farmer and maker than any other kind of cheese, because from a given quantity of milk more weight is obtained and better prices are remusement is a romp with two English nastiffs. Those who know the tendency of bese engaging animals to fling a man down and search him for roast beef will have

-Joaquin Miller, having revisited Cali —Joaquin Miller, having revisited California recently, is shocked by, social decadence and business dry-rot in San Francis
co, and remarks that nothing ever happened
half so disastrous to the Pacific states as the
building of the Pacific railroad. It became
at once a sort of siphon, which let in a
stream of weak and worthless people, and
gave the brave young states there all the
venites and vices of the east, with none of
the virtues. ettled. If we are not mistaken, Conkling summer, which the latter said couldn't be ole class them with republicans. The truth

-The beauty of it all is that, while the —The beauty of it all is that, while the republicans are howling because the West Point cadets will not treat Whittaker as a social equal, Fred Douglass is socially ostracized at the white house, where he is not permitted to introduce the guests at levees, as all previous marshals of the district have done. Mr. and Mrs. Hayes love the negro in the abstract, but don't want the actual negro about. Senator and Mrs. Bruce have never been t-exted like white people at the white house. people at the white house.

-"The great majority of the creations in the present house of peers," says the Lon-don World, "is considerably less than a cen-tury old. Most of the gentlemen who wear these coronets originally sprang from the middle classes of the country; and it must always be remembered that the source and foundation of the wealth of many—perhaps of most—of the peers of England are commercial. The house of lords, like the whole system of English life, rests upon a basis of trade. It is, in fact, an assemblage of titled

—May the 1st, when the Quebec city police force was called upon to be sworn in for another year, they refused to a man to serve for less than one dollar per day. Lately they have been paid but eighty cents. The police board refused to make any new arrangements, as the mayor, who is chairman, goes out of office in a day or two, when his successor is appointed. The mayor, however, addressed the men, asking them to swear in for eight days until their petition should be decided upon, so that the city might not be left without police protection. This was agreed to, and the men were sworn in. -May the 1st, when the Quebec city poeemed Burlington Hawkeye to the fact that we have a states rights controversy on hand revenue undertaker standing at the polls all Upon some streets in Atlanta the juvenile men were sworn in. with his red velocipede is as dangerous as a

-A St. Louis young woman enters into conjectures. She figures out that she knows perhaps one hundred young men, in round numbers. Of these she thinks she knows about thirty intimately, and of these thirty there are not more than four of whom she would consent to marry for love or money on the spur of the moment. It may not be a pleasant way of putting it, but what she says is that, taking one bundred young men as they come and go, only one out of every twenly-five can be set down as nable and able to make a living

—Young men who are preparing to join some old citizen's daughter in a summer's campaign against the front gate should peruse the following item from an English paper carefully, and see where they are liable to land: "At the marriage of Miss Hughan to Major Houghton, late of the Hughan to Major Houghton, late of the 93th regiment, at St. Paul's Knightsbridge, the bride, whose mother was a daughter of the late duke of St. Albans, and whose elder sisters are Lady John Manners and Lady Brydges Henniker, wore a dress of cream-colored satin, richly trimmed with Brussels lace. The six bridesmaids were all children, and were very prettily dressed in Pompadour style, with mob-caps and mus-Pompadour style, with mob-caps and mus-lin fichus. The skirts of dresses were sky blue, and the panniers flowered, creamcolored sateen. They each carried a basket

Macon Telegraph.

There is nothing more essential to the prosperity of the south than inter-communication with other sections. The more readily this is accomplished, the greatef the festile will be in our layer. The north and west have said this accomprise of a last mail system for years, and it has a continued the little to their commercial importance. And with there should be any objection to the proposition now before congress to extend the same facilities to the south we are at a loss to comprehend. What would enrich us will most certainly benefit other sections of the union. The proposition is to appropriate 440,000 to increase the speed of mail trainly, and shorten time between New York and New Orleans about twenty-four hours, and biween New York and New Orleans about twenty-four hours, and biween New York and surely the south has some claims that are worthy of con-ideration, if she has flot the dense population of the north. Mail service is not based upon the amount of population, however. In this finater the government itself is vastly interested, and no sentimental view of economy ought to defeat this wise and eminently just measure. If it is right to appropriate money to furnish fast mail facilities for one section, it is certainly right to grant the same facilities to others. By this proposed measure New York mail would reach us just one day sooner than it does now. In other words, the New York papers leaving on the day of publication would reach Macon the next evening. We hope every member of the house from the south will appreciate the necessity of this measure, and vote solidly for it. Macon Telegraph.

The Race Issue in the Republican

Party.

Springfield Republican.

White republicans in Georgia and South Carolina are uightily disgusted that they are losing their grip on the colored wing of the party, which is asserting its right to the offices as well as the votes. There are just about enough white republicans in both states to gobble up the spoils, but the negross are rapidly learning political self-direction, with their growth in property and character, and the prospect looks dark in more senses than one to the pale-faced carpet-bager. The colored crowd in the South Carolina convention last week held it squarely to the Grant issue, and the evidence they gave that the disreputable crowd is still in the ascendant, which made republican control a burning disgrace of old, is said to have disgusted the brain and courage of the white section of the party. The campaign for state officers is likely to lag in consequence. In Georgis, Jonathan Norcross has led a white revolt against the determination of the blacks to have their full numerical proportion of the offices, which in this case is of the style of patriotian measured by the extent of the "deestrict's" appropriation. That the race issue should spring up in the republican ranks as it is chaginning to die out elsewhere ought to be an eye-opener to the stalwart cohort hunting for their "last ditch." It may also be taken as a premonition that the colored man, whose last representative in congress will take his departure with Senator Bruce, is moving to repair the loss.

e if we will

The Stalwarts Tranquil. The Washington stalwarts and third-term sup-porters are not at all disturbed by Grant's anti-stalwart speeches for southern consumption. They understand it perfectly, they say. It is a threwd thing to do, and was a part of the pro-rramme agreed upon before he started. The chicago Tribute is authority for this tribute to drant's sincerity. Detroit Free Press.

The Country Needs a Breathing Spell Philadelphia Chronicle.

It is very noble of senators, irrespective of party, to favor the adjournment of congress on June first. It will be still more admirable if the senate and the house shall agree to adjourn or that day and stick to it. The country ought to have a reasonable breathing spell between a session of congress and a presidential campaign. The Plumed Knight.

The fact is, Blaine is one of the most reckles men in statement who holds a public position in this country. He has a holy horror of facts, and always had. He relies upon his dash and pump kin blossom oratory to extricate him from difficulties.

Unjust and Stupid, New York Sun. The tariff as it stands is such a hodge-plodge njustices and stapidities that even a partial ision by democratic revisers would be pretty s o be an improvement, and to be popular as in Sherman's Sharp Practice.

As it now looks, if the present presidential primary canvass could only be prolonged for tell years, the whole national debt would be well nigh paid off. April liquidated \$12,00,000. Ohio Full of Statesmen. Ohio is a great state. The democrats are both

Washington Republican.

ered with four available candidates, vis: Thur-man, Jewett, Payne and Groesbeck. And Tilden

Ex-Governor Rice reports that the republicans of Georgia and South Carolina want Grant as the candidate of their party. Well, what will they do for him if they get him? Georgia Flour. New York Star. The first barrel of new flour arrived in New York yesterday, and is to be sold for a charitable object, as first fruits in olden days were offered as a sacrifice to the Deity.

An Indication. Burlington Hawkeye. The Congressional Record begins to look though the sweet singer of Michigan had begiven a seat by the committee on elections.

Regardistion Under Pressure. Williamsport Gazette and Bulletin. The union between Wallace and Randall fery much like a marriage brought about by threat of breach of promise proceedings. A Highly Important Fact. Boston Post.

The wire attached to the Gramerey park doorbell will stand a weight of seven hundred thouand pounds to the Inch.

-Go North, South, East or West, and you will find coughs and colds at this sea son of the year. A remedy which never fails to give satisfaction is Dr. Bull's Cough

Timely Cantion. Genuine Hop Bitters are put up in square paneled, amber-colored bottles, with white label on one side printed in black letters, and green hop cluster, and on the other side yellow paper with red letters; revenue stamp over the cork. This is the only form in which genuine Hop Bitters are put and the sole right to make, sell, and use them is granted to the Hop Bitters Manufacturing Co., of Rochester, N. Y., and Toronto, Ont., by patents, copyright and trade mark. All others put up in any other way or by any one else, claiming to be like it or pretending to contain hour, by whatever names ing to contain hops, by whatever names they may be called, are bogus and unfit for use, and only put up to sell and cheat the people on the credit and popularity of Hor Bitters.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE In Consumption, Dyspepsia, Etc. I have used Horsford's Acid Phosphate in several cases of dyspepsia, to my general satisfaction and also have tried it in two consumption cases where I think it has done them service.

Middletown O. J. H. FORESTER, M. D. 826 mayh—dly wed in am dwkyly.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. SUMMER BOARD IN N. Y. AH day. References in Atlanta—To Mr. Jack, Whitehall, or 8 Root, 11 E Alaboma street, dress Mrs. MOOEE, 101 Waverly Place, N. Y. 127 may7—dim

CRAB ORCHARD SPRINGS Kentucky. HONLIGKY.

IVE HOURS RUN FROM LOUISVILLEOR
Cincinnati, by rail. Now open to visitors.
Hotel appointments complete. Ask for Round
Trip Tickets. For pamphlets containing analyses
of water, low rate of board, e.c., address.

I. S. TEVIS, Maninger,
170 may7—dim Crab Orchard, Ky

SOUTHERN CULTIVATOR A Monthly Magazine, he Plantation, The Sarden, and the Family Circle

CONTENTS OF THE MAY NUMBER. CONTENTS OF THE MAY NUMBER.
AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.
Thoughts for the Month; Corn Improvements at Waushakum Farm; The Cultivation of Sugar cane; Fertilisers for Corn: Testing Soils and Manures; O tion Culture; How Shall we Utilize Labor? Wheat Experiments of Lawes and Gilbert: Salt and Ashes for Grass Land; Agricultural Experiments—How to Look at; Fermenting Bonce and Fish with Urine; Sorghum for Forage; Corn Culture; Seeding Grass on Land to Rocky to Plow; Bermuda Grass on Land too Rocky to Plow; Bermuda Grass on Land too Rocky to Plow; Bermuda Grass on Land to Rocky to Plow; Bermuda Grass on Land to Rocky to Plow; Bermuda Grass hay: TOCK DEPARTMENT.

Animal Nutrition.

THE DAIRY.
Butter Cows: Color and Richness of Milk;
Methods of Testing Milk; Ropy Milk.

THE POULTRY YARD.
Poultry on a Large Scale; Poultry Raising 1:
Louisiana; Cleaning up the Poultry House. HORTICULTURAL DEPARTMENT. Southern Grape Growing; The Fig. for Drying and Pickling; Gardening—a Good Example. ETERINARY DEPARTMENT.
Kidney Worm, so-called; Spavin; Horses One
of Health; Veterinary Advice; Warts—Potash a
Cure For.

THE ENTOMOLGIST.
The Hessian Fly: Wevils; Bots and Bot Flies Cheap, CHE FIRESIDE. Culture in.

Country Homes Culture in.

INQUIRY DEPARTMENT.

Red Clover, Homey Locust, etc.: Manuring.

Crops—Siding Cotion: Spanish Clover; Underdraining Pipe Clay Sofis: Getting Rid of Logs in New Ground; Cow Served by Bull After Impregnation; Diseased Eye in Horse; Books and Exchanges. and Exchanges.

Subscription, \$1.50. For sale at all the Newsgencies.

CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Ga.



WM. J. LAND. Analytical Chemist ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

NOTICE

PAROUS N. Y. CLOTHING HOUSE. nice Light Colored Suit for \$5.00 and upwards The picest White Duck Vest for \$1.00 and appeards.
Choice of 50 styles nice Light Color Pants for \$2.50.
White and Fancy Shirts from 50 cents to \$2.00.
Dress Suits, Nobby Styles, Lowest Prices, at The

Famous N. Y. Clothing House. 7 Whitehall Street, 107

ATUBERENTS. OPERA HOUSE. Amateur Performance REPAIRING ST. LUKE'S CHURCH. The Peri at the Gates of Paradise. TUESDAY NIGHT, MAY 11th.

Matines Wednesday, May 12th, at 3 o'cock P. M The grandest Speciacular Display over seen a Atlauta.

75 full-grown and beautiful young ladies.
46 of the prettiest and most graceful girls in leavels.

Grand Display ROME, GEORGIA May 11th and 12th, 1880.

A Trip to the Mountain City of Georgia at a Very Low Rate. Tenth Annual Parade, Drill and Contest of the Rome Fire Department. \$500 Five Hundred Dollars in Gold in Prizes. \$500

no Don't Forget the Pates. G. P. Agent, W. & A. R. R. G. P. Agent R.

DRUGS, PAINTS, AND OILS

PHARMACY W. PHOTOGRAPHIC Stock Depot CHEMICAL LABORATORY

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BEAR.

3 Whitehall St., cor. Hunter, ATLANTA, GA
Physicians Prescriptions Carefully
put tip at all hours.

A LARGE ASSOMMENT OF DOMESTIC
And Imported Mineral waters as well as
rificial ones in 15 phons. Also, fine Clarets
thine Wines and other Wines for medical use. AUGSBURGER LIVER MEDICINE The best Cure for Liver Complaints.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE FIFTH GRAND DISTRIBU-TION. CLASS E, AT NEW ORLEANS, TUES-DAY, MAY 11th, 1880-120th Monthly Drawing Louisiana State Lottery Company. LOUISIBINE NIGHT COUNTY COMMENTS.

This Institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the State for Educational and Charitable Durposes in 1898, for the terms of Twemty-five Years, to which contract the inviolable faith of the State is pledged, which pledge has been renewed by an overwhelming popular vote, securing its franchise in the new constitution, adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879, with a capital of \$1,000,000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of \$350,000.

ITS GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DISTRIBUTION will take place monthly on the second Tuesday.

It never scales or postpones.

Look at the following Distribution:



dressed only to M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, La., or Same Person at
No. 319 Broadway, New York,
or AMOS FOX, 11 East Alabama St., Atlanta
All our Grand Extraordinary Drawings are under the supervision and management of GENERALS G T. BEAUREGARD and JUBAL A.
EARLY.
N. B.—This Company has NO AGENTS in the
BRITISH POSSESSIONS, and all persons prelending to be so and soliciting orders by circulars
or otherwise are SWINDLERS.

Atlanta Health Institute ELECTRICITY, MOVEMENTS, WATER-CURE.

178 West Peters Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

THIS 18 THE ONLY MEDICAL INSTITUTE Routh where all kinds of Ch. onle Diseases are set of the street of the onle Diseases are set of the street of the stree to the RECRODICTIVE (RGASS are here treated with greater success than by any other process of grainment known. Treatment especial boother invalid Ladies Exclusive Lady's Department—in charact of experienced Lady Physician Institute beautifuily glunted upon one of the most clusted and best institute beautifuily glunted upon one of the most clusted and best institute beautifuily stituted upon one of the most cluster beautifuily glunted upon one of the most cluster beautifuily glunted upon one of the state of the state of the contract of t

To GET YOUR BEE HIVES, FRAMES, SEC tion Boxes, etc., and before you do it, write to J. F. HART,

UNION POINT, GEORGIA,
Manufacturer of BaE HIVES, Metal-Corneree
Frames, Dovetall Section Boxes, etc., and get hi
prices, Goods guaranteed to be first-class, and
prices as low as any first-class manufacturer o he same goods.
191 feb10-d3m tues fri ann ASK FOR



CONTRACTOR. Practical Plumber, Steam a

AND DEALER IN

Headquarters for Boys' and Children's Suits at Manufacturers' price Law Library for Sale, CONSISTING OF 460 VOLUMES. CIEDRIA REPORTS NO. 1 TO 59, WITH
Indexes complete; South Carolina Law and
Fquity Reports; United States Supreme Court
Reports; Abbott's National Digests and Indexes,
etc. Will be sold at a great Dargain entire, or
divided to suit purchasers. Send for Catalogue.
Address,
1 may2—d2w Washington, D. C.

ERRATA.

OFFI E OF THE RAILROAD COMMISSION ATLANTA, GA., April 15, 1890. L'ERROR'S HAVING BEEN DISCOVERED IN L' the original classification. that publication should be changed to road as follows.

Ashes, wood, Class 6, carrier's risk.

Bones, Class K, owner's risk.

Carriages and Buggles, C. L., Class 4, owner's

Cures Colds, Pneumonta. Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, and all diseases of the Breathing Organs, It soothes and heals the Membrane of the Lungs, inflamed and poisoned by the disease, and prevents the night-sweats and tightness across the clost which accompany it. CONSUMPTION is not an incurable ma'ady. It is only necessary to have the right remedy, and IALA'S BALSAM is that remedy, and IALA'S BALSAM is that remedy. DON'T DESPAIR OF RELLER, for this benign specific will cure you, this benign specific will cure you even though professional aid fails

The Most Powerful Heeling Agent ever Discovered. Henry's Carboile Salve heats burns, deary's Carboile Salve cures sores, front's Carboile Salve elleys pain. Henry's Carboile Salve heats pisspies deary's Carboile Salve heats braines, deary's Carboile Salve heats braines.

Ask for Henry's and Take No Other DANIEL & MARSH, Wholesale Agents. OFFICE OF THE RAILROAD COMMISSION ATLANTA, GA., April 28, 1880.

UPON THE JOINT REQUEST OF THE BRUNSWICK AND ALBANY RAILROAD BRUNSWICK AND ALBANY RATLEWAD
and the representatives of fict less than four fifths
of its patrons, the following changes are made in
the Freight Rates of THAT ROAD?

1st, Section No. 2 of Circular No. 2, allowing
thirty per cen', advance on Freight Rates is re. Lumber is transferred from Class O to 2d. Lumber is transferred from Class O to Class P.

3d. The Schedule of Millers' Lumber rates subthed.

The rates on all other classes of freight are

he same as those prescribed in the Standard Tarii or a distance 70 miles wreater, viz: The rate fo o miles is that fixed by the Standard for 80 miles or 20 miles that fixed for 90 miles, and so on. By order of the Commissioners.
By order of the Commissioners.
R. A. BACON, Secretary.
682 apr30—Glawiw fri

Circular No. 6. OFFICE OF THE RAILROAD COMMISSION OFFICE OF THE RAILROAD COMMISSION
ATLANTA, GA., April 20, 1890.

THE FOLLOWING CHANGES ARE MADE
in the standard Schedule Rules, etc.:
1st. To Rule No. 6 add the following:
COMPETING LINES NOT WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF THIS COMMISSION.
When however from any roint in this State, there are competing lines one orm re, not subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, then the line or lines which are so subject, and are working at the lowest rate under the rules, may at such competing point make rates below the Standard Freight Taiff, to meets such competition without making a corresponding reduction along the line of road.

2d. To Rule No. 3 add the following:
In any ten mile group may be embraced, at the discretion of the railroad, any station not more than two [2] miles beyond the upper limit:
Thus, 41% miles may be; ut in the group between 30 and 40 miles.

3d. A car-load of Lumber is 22,500 pounds.
4th. On the SAVANNAH, FLORIDA AND WESTERN, the MACON AND BRUNSWICK, and the CENTRAL RAILROADS. Lumber is transferred from Class O to Class P without the addition of twenty [20] per cent. heretofore allowed on it in our Circulars Nos. 2, 3 and 4, and these rates to embrace transportation from the Mills, without charges for side-tracks and to the termin, us nearest to the wharves, at Savannah and Brunswick,
By order of the Commissioners,
CA. BACON, Secretary.

EXAMES M. SMITH, Chairman.

R. A. BACON, Secretary.

631 api30—diaway tri . ATLANTA, GA., April 29. 1880



The Reople Appreciate Merit CHE AND PHEN Columbus, Ga.

SOLD BY ALL JOBBERS 1878 SEWING THRE Production Doubled. Again Doubled.



WANTED—TO EXCHANGE A WAGON O Buggy for Brick and Hard Lumber, Cur & Weitzet, at 85 Peachuree st.ces. 000 may 6—12:

POR RENT-STORE No. 53 FEACHYAIN Street. This building is 31 by 100 lest, has front and rear entrance, is fitted up for and well adapted to wholesale and retail dry goods. Justems apply to J. W. English, 36 Broad street. 71 deco-dif

SEE THERP AND POURTH PARTY

DYERTISEMENTS IN THIS charged ten cents per seven words

A silveided the amallest advertisems at once by the very readers whose eyes I fended to most, and thus is just as val this purpose as if it had been spread

FOR SALE CHEAP—AN ALROHSE AFT fine Delivery Wagon. Apply at 35 White hall street. 132 may?—dist fri sales. 2500 PJUNDS CHOICE CABBAGE Meal. 66 Decentur street. Elam Johnson

POR SALE OR LEASE—THE DUFF GREE House at Dalton, Ga. One of the best hot and railroad restaurant stands in the south. For terms address R. J. McCamy, Dalton, Ga. 2 may2—1w

A BARRELS ASPHALTUM AND FURNITUI

The friends of D, N. SPEER, of Troupe announce him as a candidate for the ca te Treasurer, subject to the action of ha artic Convention. 31 ages— REPORTER OF SUPREME COURT. Reporter of Supreme Court.

TACKSON & LUMPKIN.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Will practice in the United States and State Courts. Special attention given to bus need be fore the Supreme Court. 522 aprædny TAMES G. ZACHRY, (Of Georgia,)

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

References—J. B. Gordon, B. H. Hill, 0.4,

ochrane, A. R. Lawton.

485 marks—dus G. T. BARTLETT, C. L. BARTLETT, of Monticello, T. & C. L. BARTLETT, of Macoa, Ga.

G. T. & C. L. BARTLETT, of Macoa, Ga.

G. T. & C. L. BARTLETT, of Macoa, Ga.

T. & C. L. BARTLETT, of Macoa, Ga.

Practice in Macon and Ocumigee Circuits and U. S. Courts, in civil business only.

341 mar18—d5m

Whitehall Street, James' Bank Block, Boom No. 6, ATLANTA, ORONGIA, Collections a specialty and made throughout the State per a Collecting Agency. Prompt remittances. Will practice in all the Courts.

HODGE & HODGE, A I TORNEYS AT LAW, HAWKINSVILLE, GEORGIA. Collections will receive prompt attention, 3.3 maril—dtf

WM. T. TRIPPE,
Collections and Commercial Law
EXCLUSIVELY.
7% CENTENNIAL BUILDING,
ATLANTA. GEORGIA.
258 jan13—demo top col J. B. ESTES & SON. CLAUD ESTE.

J. B. ESTES & SON. ATTORNEYS AT LAF,
GAIN ESVILLE, GEORGIA.

Practice in the Courts of the Western Circuit, in
the Supreme Court of Georgia, and elsewhere
when specially retained. 000 nov2—dil

BROYLES & JONES, ATTORNEYS AT LAY. Office in Grant Building, corner Marie Broad streets ATLANTA, GA. Will practice in the Foderal and State Co 378 decis—dtf

MILLEDGE & HAYGOOD, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Cor. Loyd and Alabama Streets, opp. Ga Depot, 590 aug: '79 div BUNINESS DIRECTORY.

TRIPOD & PINE.
SIGN, FRESCO & HOUSE PAINTERS,
21 MARIETTA ST., ATLANTA, GA.
543 mar28—dir ATLANTA GEORGIA Office, Room No. 2, in J. T. Grant's Building, our Austell & Mangum, Broad street, por Marietta Special attention given to the treatment of Malarial and Chronic Diseases of Penales and Children by J. T. Warnock. 365 fe 13—den

DR. P. T. SCHLEY, HOMEOPATHIST. Office, 63 Whitehall street, over Schuman's larmacy. Residence, 304 Whitehall street. M ACONAND REUNS WICK BAIL

CUMBERLAND ROUTE

FLORIDA PASSENGER SERVICE

Dispatch equal to any line, and to some pogreatly superior, being daily. All claims prosely adjusted.

For rates, routes, and any and all other infortion, either in passenger or freight service, and communicate with the undersigned at large communicate with the undersigned at large or the service of the s GREAT KENNES AW BOUTE Western and Atlantic Railroad. On and after SUNDAY. May 25th, 1879
Triple Daily Passenger trains will be run by
he Old Reliable Kennesaw Route.
THE FAST MAIL TRAIN NORTH.

Leaves Atlanta at.
Arrives Knoxyllle at.
Arrives Bristol at.
Arrives Lynchburg st.
Arrives Washington st.
Arrives Baltimore st.
Arrives Philadelphia at. THE FAST MAIL TRAIN Mobile, Montgomery, via Atlanta to without change, connecting closely at with Pullman Cara and Coaches for rithout change.

Pullman Palace Cars leave New Yerk Dally
making close connection at Washington wit
making close connection at Washington wit
Pullman Cars for Atlanta, Montgomery, Mobil
and New Orleans.

The Kennesaw Route is the only line offert THE FAST MAIL TRAIN

also makes close connection at Chatta and to all points west. THE EXPRESS TRAIN NO



6584mfeb1-d2 sun wed fri &wky24 nol B FLAGG'S IMPROVED PATENT LIVER PADI NEVER GETS HARD.

CAN BE MADE ANY STRENOTH DESIRED. LAST
TWICE AS LONG.

Diseases Gard without Drugging the System.

H. H. Warner & Co.



Jonic is absorbed into the circulation of the Blood and Liver, purifying the Blood, attinulating the Liver and Kidneys to healthy action, and strengthening the Sommen to digest food. PRICE OF PADS \$1 AND \$2 AND \$2 AND \$2 AND \$3 AND \$4 AND \$ Hunt, Hankin & Lamer, (e :eral Agents.

AT LAW

AT LAW.

AT LAW.

reults and

AT LAW

SEORGIA.

AT LAW.

AT LAW,

Ga Depo

Fresh and Pure

FAMILY USE.

Soda, Cream of Tariar, and Spices of all kinds, are the best in the city. Plumb's Cologne and all the fashionable requisites for the Tollet speak for themselves. Our prices are as low as the lowest. D. B. PLUMB & CO.,

26 Whitehall street. Fly Paper and Allen's Fly Brick' which are

D. B. PLUMB & CO.



Respectfully,
R. HARTMAN & Co.
All communications should be addressed to DANIEL & MARSH, sole
Proprietors and Manufacturers, 1g
Limball House, Atlanta.
22 lebit-dif wed fri sun

drews.

—Several mad-dogs have put in an appearance in Bryan county. We assure our northern subscribers that politics have nothing to do with this.

—The Cartersville Free Press says that Colonel John P. Brooks, of Cherokee county, Ga., and wife, are both eighty-five years old, there being but four days difference between their ages. They have eleven children, who is sixty-six years old, lives in this (Bartow) county. The progeny of this old couple foot up to 200 children, grand and great-grand-child. Mr. John P.

Bibb's efforts to overtake his rival were almost superhuman.

When they reached the house Bibb from sheer exhaustion fainted in the porch, falling almost at the feet of his fady-love. When the matter was stated to her, she said she had come to the conclusion that she liked Mr. Bibb the best, and therefore she would the arry him. Her aympathles were won over by seeing him laint, She said that she believed both loved ber, but that he who faints at the danger of losing a bride must love her more than he who is cool and unconcerned in the midst of it all. The affair causes intense excitement in this small place. To night Rev. Aaron Jasper, the well-known Baptist minister, married Bibb and Miss Loyd.

—Robert P. Smith, Chilesburg, Va. 1016.

enious machine for the prevention of fires in lint-rooms of gin-houses and pick-rooms of factories, etc., has been invented and patented by Dr. L. A Folsom, of that city. It ects automatically, being placed in any coom where fire is likely to occur. As soon as the fire is communicated, the machine is set off and the room instantaneously flooded with carbonic acid gas and water, extinguishing the fire in less than a minute. The Citizen says it is certainly an in mall study, and this machine is the result

of his labors.

of his labors.

—Irwinton Southerner and Appeal: On last Saturday morning, as the last up freight was passing No. 16, a negro boy, 12 or 13 years old, who was stealing a ride on the bumper, fell from his dangerous seat and seven cars passed over him. When picked up it was found that none of the wheels had touched him, though he appeared to be seriously hurt. Dr. Fluker was immediately summoned, and pronounced his injuries slight, consisting only of a few bruises and scratches. The boy says that when he fell he lay perfectly still and was untouched until the cab was passing, when his clothing was caught by some of the under works of the car and he was dragged until the cloth gave way. That he was not killed is almost a miracle. He was from Tennille, and stated that he was running away from an uncle with whom he was staying. His uncle came for him Saturday evening. The boy, it is thought, got on the train at 14, as he said that the train had made no stop until he got to 16 since he had mounted the bumper.

—Walton County Vidette: Colonel Wylie

SPECULATIONS ABOUT A STAR.

Dr. Harrison Continues His Relig-

Pr. Harrison. Continues. His Relationship of the Christians, was a factor of the Christians with the Carter of the Christians was a superior sense of the Christian was a super

progeny of this old couple foot up to 200 children, grand and great-grand-children, and a great-grand-child. Mr. John P. Brooks, the patriarch, has filled every civil office from constable to legislator. He was born on the ocean in the old government ship, known as the "Old Volunteer ship."

—The Dalton Citizen says that a very ingenious machine for the prevention of fires

Malaria Destroyed. G. A. J. Gadbois, of Brockville, Canads, certifies that he was prostrated by a malarial disease contracted in Texas, and was quickly and completely cured by the use of Warner's Safe Pills and Safe Bitters. He adds: "I shall never travel in that climate without your Safe Pills and Bitters as a part of my outfit."

658 febl—d24m sun wed fri &w24m 2dp Better Times.

ute. The Citizen says it is certainly an invaluable invention, and will fill long felt want of the farmers of the southern states, and when generally introduced will do away with the necessity of insurance on gin-houses, as it is absolutely an automatic fire extinguisher. Dr. F. is a farmer and has given the subject of gin-house fires no small study, and this machine is the result

Congress Water None genuinc sold on draught. Its superiority as a cathartic and alterative consists in its entire freedom from everything bitter, acid or crude that produces headache, internal soreness, and tends to destroy the mucuous membrane. All mineral waters that are dangerous irritants may be known by an acid after-taste.

H. CASTLEMAN. STOCK, BOND AND MONEY BROKER

No. 3 Pryor Street, in Kimball House Invest Your Money Safely. T TAKE THE LIBERTY OF CALLING THE Attenting the Liberty Of Calling The attention of parties desiring to make investments to the great advantages to be derived from buying securities paying A REGULAR STATED INTEREST. SUCH AS FIRST-CLASS BONDS. I can furnish such in limited quautities. Good Bonds are scarce and hard to get. Parties holding good Bonds are slow to part with them, not knowing where they can safely reinvest their money.

NEW YORK, May 6.—Noon.—Stocks weak. foney 5. Exchange—long \$4.84%; short \$4.87% overnments dull. State Bonds quiet. NEW YORK, May 6.—Evening.—Money 4@6

MEMPHIS, May 6.—Cotton quiet and steady middlings 11½; net receipts 276 bales; shipmen 1,874; sales 250; stock 65,244. AUGUSTA, May 6. Octom dull; middling 11½; low middling 11½; good ordinary 10½; ne receipts 137 bales; shipments —; sales 10. OCH ARLESTON May 6.—Cottom unchanged middlings 12; sew middlings 11½; good ordinary 11½; net receipts 29 bales; srors —; sales 600 stock 17,011; exports coastwise 132.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC. CONSTITUTION OFFICE,

until he got to 16 since he had mounted the bumper.

—Walton County Vidette: Colonel Wylie Bush, of burn-medicine fame, has made a corner on jugs and sent them up with a boom. Mr. Bush has contracted with the fire factories above Athens to take every piece of ware they make for the next five years. As there are very few jug factories in Georgia beside these under control of Mr. B, he has a monopoly of the business and at once jumped up prices 100 per cent. He is perfecting arrangements to ship them all over Georgia and Carolina, and is building up a business that will pay him about \$1,000 per month, clear of expenses. These jug-makers, for the last 60 years, have been the worst imposed upon people in the world. They are poor devils, who had to cart their goods over a limited iterritory and trade them out with merit of all their ware, to be delivered in Athens, and he then re-ships it all over the country by the car load. There is now quite a boom in this business, and many new factories are about starting up. It costs \$300 to start a first-class jug factory, and an expert hand can make 150 gallons and command \$2 per day. The glazing is now done with ashes instead of lead.

Speculation of the business and developed and command \$2 per day. The glazing is now done with ashes instead of lead.

Speculation of the business and the control of the starting up. It costs \$300 to start a first-class jug factory, and an expert hand can make 150 gallons and command \$2 per day. The glazing is now done with ashes instead of lead.

Speculation of the business and an one starting up. It costs \$300 to start a first-class jug factory, and an expert hand can make 150 gallons and command \$2 per day. The glazing is now done with ashes instead of lead.

Speculation of the proper day and the starting up. It costs \$300 to start a first-class jug factory, and an expert hand can make 150 gallons and command \$2 per day. The glazing is now done with ashes instead of lead.

Speculation of the part of the business and a command of the part o

and firm; southern 47@48; western white 4.@47; western mixed 41@45; Pennsylvanna 45@47.

NEW YORK, May 6—Flour, southern unchanged; common to fair extra \$5.25@\$5.60; good to choloe extra \$5.56@\$7.00. Wheat opened 16/1½c better but closed with the advance nearly lost and in fair inquiry; ungraded red \$1.25@\$5.60; good to choloe extra \$5.56@\$7.00. Wheat opened 16/1½c better but closed with the advance nearly lost and in fair inquiry; ungraded red \$1.25@\$5.80; and in fair inquiry; ungraded red \$1.25@\$5.80; and in good demand; No. 243½. Hops quiet and unchanged.

CHICAGO, May 6—Flour quiet and unchanged, Wheat active, unsettled and lower; No. 2 cuicago spring \$1.17; No. 3 do. 98 9.9. Corn oull and a shade lower; opened strong and higher and closed at inside prices, No. 2 and high mixed \$1.37. Oats in fair demand and firm; No. 2 33½.

CINCINNATI, May 6—Flour quiet and unchanged; family \$1.55@\$1.5; fancy \$5.50@\$6.00. Wheat. No. 2 red winter \$1.14; choice r. d and white mixed \$1.13. Corn dull; No. 2 mixed 40@40½. Oats firmer; No. 2 mixed 35.

LOUISVILLE, May 6—Flour steady, extra \$4.00; family \$4.50; A No. 1 \$5.00@\$5.25, choice to fancy \$6.00@\$6.50. Wheat active, firm and higher at \$1.00. Corn steady; No. 2 white 43. Oats quiet at 36.

ST. LOUIS, May 6—Flour firm; fancy \$6.25@\$5.60. St. 40; family \$4.75@\$1.85. Wheat unsettled and higher; No. 2 red fail \$1.13½@\$1.13½; No. 3 do. \$1.09 bid. Corn steady at 33½@\$33½. Oats firmer at 30½.

NEW ORLEANS, May 6—Flour quiet and steady; superfine \$3.60; high grades \$5.37½@\$5.57½. Corn active and firm; mixed 48@52. Oats n good demand at 42.

Miscellaneous.

ATLANTA, May 6—Lime—Market steady-in car-load lots, free on cars in Atlanta,

Miscellaneous.

ATLANTA, May 6.—Lime — Market steady-In car-lead lots, free on cars in Atlanta, 90c: less than car-loads \$1.00 is asked; Rosendale cement \$2.50 per bbl. of 300 bs. neat; Louis-ville cement, car-load lots, \$1.75; less than car-load \$2.256\$2.50; Portland cement, car-load lots \$4.75; less than car-load \$2.00; plaster-of-paris ("calcined"), car-load lots, \$2.50; in smaller quantities \$2.756\$3.00; land plaster ("new fertilizer"), car-load lots \$2.50 \$ bbl.; less than car-loads \$2.756\$3.00; blaster ("new fertilizer"), car-load lots \$2.50 \$ bbl.; less than car-loads \$2.756\$3.00; blaster ("new fertilizer"), car-load lots \$2.50 \$ bbl.; less than car-loads \$2.756\$3.00; bbl.; marble dust in lots \$3.00@\$4.00 \$ bbl.

(\$3.000 % bbl.; marble dust in lots \$3.00@\$4.00 % bbl.

ATLANTA, May 6.—Paper—For some weeks past there has been no material change in paper, and prices to date have been fully sustained. Of late, however, a moderate shrinkage in the value of raw material has taken place which calls for a corresponding decline in the paper market. The prices below are ruling here to-day: Manilla paper No. 1 logite & B; No. 2 75/@30 % B; No. 3 65/@70 % B; good wrapp 12 4@60 % B; straw 35/@33/40 % B; burlap bags, 2 bushels. 83/@95/c; socond-hand 5@73/c; bran bags 11/@314/c.

ATLANTA, May 6—Hides—Market unchanged; dry fiint 14@14/c; dry salt 13@14; wet saited 8@8/c. Furs are in fair demand atformer prices: minks, good, 25@60; otter \$2.00@\$0.00; beaver \$1.00 @\$2.50; coon 10@35; musk rat 5@10.

ATLANTA, May 6.—Leather—The market is ATLANTA, May 6.—Leather—The market is very quiet: hemlock sole, good, 28@29c; hemlock G. D. 26@27c; hemlock P. D. 22@24c; white oak sole firm at 40@45c; harness leather 35@45c.

ATLANTA, May 6. — Plastering Hair — Ac-tive: Georgia 20@20c per bushel; western 25@30c: laths, car-load, \$2.50 per M; less quantities \$2.75 per M. per M.

NEW YORK, May 6-Wool buyers favor; dull; domestic fleece 43:657; pulled 30:652; unwashed 18:638; Texas 18:636.

ATLANTA. May 6.— Salt—Liverpool \$1.30; Virginia in white sacks as follows: Kannawah \$1.10; Holston \$1.45.

NEW YORK. May 6-Rosin quiet and unchanged at \$1.37:49\$1.42½. Turpentine dull and unchanged at \$2.37.49\$1.42½. Turpentine dull and unchanged at \$2.37.49\$1.42½. unchanged at 32.

ATLANTA, May 5.—Wool——Steady; washed 40.245; unwashed 20; burry 15@20c.

ATLANTA, May 6.—Hay — Choice Timothy \$1.30@\$1.25: choice mixed \$1.20@\$1.25.

ATLANTA, May 6.—Peas—Market supplied; stock 88@90c; white \$1.25@\$1.50.

ATLANTA, May 6, - Tallow - Market firm ATLANTA, May 6.-Rye-None on mar ATLANTA, May 6. - Wheat Bran-95c@\$1.00. ATLANTA, May 6.—The Chicago market ruled lower to day. Clear Rib Sides—Market steady at 71/4671/4c. Mess Pork—Chicago—June opened and closed at \$10 05; during the day the market ranged higher. Hog receips to day 21,500 Bacon—Sugar-curei nams 10/810/4; sides 75/4; shoulders 6; plain shoulders none. Lard—Steady; tierces, leaf. 9c: refined 83/483//c; kegs, cans and buckets 9c.

constitution of the control of the c

BALTIMORE, May 6—Coffee dull; Rio cargoes fair to prime 14%915%. Sugar quiet; A soft 9% CINCINNATI, May 6—Sugar quiet; hards 9%6 10%; New Orleans 7%68%.

ATLANTA, May 6.—The market is quiet and without quotable change. Indigo, best, 90c (\$1.10; madder 14gl5c; Epsom salts 364c; bluestone 10g12c; alum 495; cochineal \$1.10g\$ \$1.25; magnesia carb. 35945; flor sulphur 4½, 65; roll sulphur 3½,64; camphor 40g45; copperas 1½,62; sasfetida 35; opium, gum, 88.00g48 50; quinine \$3.60; calomel 90c6 \$1.25; blue mass 76c; morphine \$6.00; chloroform \$1.10g\$1.25. Cavtor oil \$1.25\$\$41.59 gailon; linseed oil, raw, 95; boiled \$1.00; coal oil 156200; lard oil 65680, owl g to quality; sweet oil \$1.00 \$3.50; tanner's oil 65675; lubricating oil 25640; turpentine 50660. White lead 10½; furniture varnish \$1.25\$\$41.50; coach varnish \$1.75\$\$4.00 case of 4 dozen; putty 566; mixed paints \$1.50\$\$2.00 gallon; axile-grease 76841.00 doz. Glass \$x10 \$7.00; 10x12 \$7.00; 10x14 \$7.00; 10x 16 \$8.00; 12x14 \$8.00; 12x14 \$8.00; discount 40 per cent; quicksilver 75; shellac 55660. Babbitt's potash \$4.50; all other brands \$4.00.

Wines, Liquers, Etc.

ATLANTA, May 6.—Dealers report a quiet market. Corn whisky, rectified, \$1.00,\$1.40; rye, rectified, \$1.10,\$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium \$1.50,\$2.10; rum, rectified, \$1.25,\$2.51; New England \$1.75,22.50; St. Croin \$4.00; Jamaica \$3.50,\$4.50; domestic \$1.50,\$2.50; imported \$5.00,\$4.50; Cognae brandy, domestic \$1.50,\$2.50; imported \$5.00,\$4.50; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, \$1.70; apple and peach brandy \$2.25,\$3.00; cherry and ginger brandy \$1.00,\$3.50; port wine \$1.50,\$5.00, owing to quality; sherry \$1.50,\$6.00; catawba \$1.25,\$6.51.75; exuppermong \$1.00,\$3.25.

NEW ORLEANS, May 6—Whisky is steady; western rectified \$1.00,\$3.10. CINCINNATI, May 6—Whisk; steady and in good demand at \$1.06.

LOUISVILLE, May 6—Whisky in fair demand at \$1.06. BALTIMORE, May 6-Whisky dull at \$1.10@ 1.12.
NEW YORK, May 6—Whisky nominal at \$1.10.
ST. LOUIS, May 6—Whisky higher at \$1.07.
CHICAGO, May 6—Whisky steady at \$1.08.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA. May 6.—Eggs—Are scarce and higher; stocks and receips are light; we quote 11%@12½c. Butter—Stock moderate; 22½@22c; medium 20c; common 12½@15. Poultry—Spring chickens are in in very active demand and all receipts are taken on arrival; prices range from 16 @27c, owing to size; hens 25@3c; active and scarce. Dresed Poultry—None on market and no demand. Sweet Potatoes—Stocks are lightdemand good; choice yams \$1.00 per bushel. Irish Potatoes—The supply of new potatoes is amole for present demands. We quote new \$2.50@\$1.00 per barel; old \$1.5@\$2.00. Dried Frutt—Market quiet; apples 7@1.0c; peaches nominal; peeled peaches 13c; unpeeled 5@6c. Wax—21c. Cabbage—4c with a fair stock on market. Onions—New \$3.0.6@4.01; no demand for old. Foathers—Choice white geese, 50@50c; prime \$5c; common mixed 35@40c. Cheese—Choice cream 16½c. Low grades range from 12½@15c.

ATLANTA, May 6 .- There is no change in the

Tobacco.

ATLANTA, May 6.—Market steady; very common and unreliable grades 33@34; good common grades 35@37; medium 88@45; extra medium 45@50c; fine II and I2-inch 55@65; extra fine and fancy 75@90c: Brown's extra 80c; naturalleaf 95c; Cahoun 81.15; Cook's extra fig 80c; Cook's extra Lestherwood 90c; Lucy Lawson 55c; shell-road 52c; fine cut in pails 60@75c. Smoking tobacco—Blackwell's Durham, assoried, 55c; other brands and grades 40@5t c. Lorillard's snuff, in jars, 65c; Lorillard's snuff, 2-oz. packages, \$12.00 per gross; Railroad Mills snuff55c, in jars; Mrs. Miller's snuff 55c.

Pruits and Confectioneries. **Truits and Confectioneries.*

ATLANTA, May 6.—Apples—Choice !Baldwin \$5.50. Lemons—\$6.0°@16.50 per box. Oranges—Stocks are moderate; Messino per box \$5.00. Pineapples—Per dozen \$2.50. Bananas — Bananas at \$1.00@\$2.00 per bunch. Cocoanuts—4.@5c. Figs—12½@17c. Raisins per box \$8.00; ½ box \$1.55; ½ box \$5c. Currants—7½@\$6. Cranberries—None. California Pears—None on market. Citron—22c. Almonds—22@23. Pecans—14@15. Brazils—12½c. Filberts—15@16c. Walnuts—17c. Peaauts—Tennessee 5½; North Carolina 6½; Virginia 7: roasted \$1.75@\$1.85 % bushel.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, May 6.—Market quiet and dull.
Horse-shoes \$6.50; mule \$7.50; Horse-shoe nails 12½
(#24. Hames 6.00@\$10.00. Trace chains 60@
70. Shovels \$10.00@\$13.00. Spades \$10.50@\$13.00.
Axes \$9.50@\$11.50 per dozen. Cotton cards \$6.50
Well-buckets \$5.50. Cotton rope 22. Sweed from
6½c; rolled (or merchant bar) 4½ rate. Haiman
plow stocks \$2.00; Haiman's steel plow hoes 9½c
per pound; plow skeel 7½c; cast steel 17½c. Nails,
basis 10d, \$5.50. Powder, rifle \$6.15; blasting \$8.25.
Bar lead 8; shot \$2.00.

Live Stock. ATLANTA, May 6.—Cattle—choice Tennessee are very scarce and in demand; in car-load lots 4@4\c.: medium 3@3\c.: Georgia cattle—Are scarce and higher; prices range from 2\c. Hogs and shoats are in light demand with none offering at present; 4@4\c. is asked. Sheep—3@5c; stock equal to demand.

CINCINNATI, May 6.—Hogs steady; common \$3.45@\$3.90; light \$4.10@\$4.35; packing \$4.00@\$4.35; butchers \$4.35@\$4.45.

ATLANTA, May 6.—The following prices are reported: Inch boards \$15.00 per M; fram ing \$14.00; flooring \$22.50@\$25.00 per M; celling \$20.00@\$22.50 per M; dressed on one side \$17.00; weatherboarding \$17.00. Shingles—No. 1 \$3.75; No. 2 \$2.75. Chestmut posts 20c: cedar, sawed 35c; hewed 30c. BETAIL PRICES.

ATLANTA, May 6.—Vegetables are in active demand. Sweet Potatoes—30c per peck; Otions 10c per quart; new 5c per bunch: Cabbage 6c per pound; Turnips Salad 25c per peck; Tomatoes 25c per quart; Beets 10@15c per bunch: Green Peas 10c per quart; Beens 10c per quart; Cacumbers 8c; Squashes 5@1°c each; Radishes 5c. Strawberriet 15a 26c ner quart. Exzz 15c per dozen. Spring

SPECIAL SUNDAY SCHEDULE GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, Commencing Sunday next, February 1st, 1880.

Beeping cars run through to and from Savannah Albany.

The elegant Sleeping and Parior Coaches of the Enfaula line daily between Montgomery, Ala., and Jacksonville, without change.

Passengers from Savannah for Fernandina, Gainesville and Cedar Keya, take this train.

Passengers for Darien take this train.

Passengers for Darien take this train.

Passengers for Barunswick 6:00 a. m.

Passengers leave Brunswick at 8:00 p. m. arrive at Savannah 9:00 a. m.

Passengers leaving Macon at 7:15 a. m., (daily including Sunday) connect at Jesup with this train for Florida.

Passengers from Florida by thus train connect at Jesup with train arriving in Macon at 6:25 p. m. (daily including Sunday).

Connect at Albany with Passenger trains both wayson Southwestern Railroad to and from Macon, Eufaula, Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, etc.

(daily including Sunday).

Connect at Albany with Passenger trains both wayson Southwestern Railroad to and from Macon, Eufaula, Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, etc.

Mail steamer leaves Bainbridge for Apalachicola very Sunday and Thursday evenings, for Columbus every Tuesday and Saturday afternoon.

Close connection at Jacksonville daily (Sunday excepted) for Green Cove Springs, St. Augustine Palatka, Enterprise, and all landings on St. John's River.

Trains on B. and A. Railroad leave junction, going west, at 11:37 a. m., and for Brunswick at 4:40 p. m., daily, except Sunday.

Through Tickets sold and Sleeping Car Berths secured at Breu's Ticket Office, No. 22 Bull Street, and at Savannah, Florida and Western Railway Passenger Depot.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN—EASTERN DIVISION.

Leave Savannah, Sundays excepted, at 7 00 a m Leave McIntosh

Leave Jesup

Leave Blackshear

"12 20 p m

Leave Blackshear

"2 40 p m

Leave Blackshear

"3 0 a m

Leave Blackshear

"4 2 50 p m

Leave McIntosh

Leave Sundays excepted, at 7:30 a m

Leave Blackshear

"5 20 a m

Leave Valdosta

"10:02 a m

Leave Valdosta

"10:02 a m

Leave Valdosta

Leave Camilla

"2:40 p m

Leave Thomasville

"2:40 p m

Leave Camilla

"2:40 p m

Leave Camilla

Arrive at Thomasville "2:10 |
Leave Thomasville "2:40 |
Leave Camilla "2:40 |
Arrive at Albany "7:20 |
Leave Albany "7:20 |
Leave Camilla "7:50 |
Leave Camilla "7:50 |
Leave Camilla "7:15 |
Leave Thomasville "10:50 |
Leave Thomasville "10:50 |
Leave Valdosta "3:15 |
Leave Valdosta "3:15 |
Arrive at Thomasville "7:45 |
Leave Valdosta "7:545 |
Leave Valdosta "7:545 |
Leave Valdosta "8:15 |
Leave Camilla "7:20 |
Leave Camilla "7:20 |
Leave Camilla "7:20 |
Leave Camilla "7:20 |
Leave Thomasville "7:20 |
Leave Thomasvill

CENTRAL AND SOUTHWESTERS
Railroads.
SAYANNAH. GA.. December 13th, 1879.
On and after SUNDAY, December 14th, 1879, passenger trains on the Central and Southwestern Railroads and branches will run as follows:
TRAIN NO. 1.—GOING NORTH AND WEST.
Leaves Sayannah. 9 20 a m

eaves Savannah..... rrives at Augusta...

and Atlantic and Atlanta and Charlotte AN-line
At Eufaula with Montgomery and Eufaula rail
oad; at Columbus with Western railroad; a
Augusta with the Charlotte, Columbia and Au
gusta railroad and South Carolina railroad for al
points North and East.

Eufaula train connects at Fort Valley for Perry
daily, (except Sunday), and at Cuthbert for Fort
Gaines daily, (except Sunday).

Train on Blakely extension leaves AlbanyMon
ays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

COMING SOUTH AND EAST.
Leaves Atlanta.

2 15 pm
Arrives at Macon from Atlanta.

6 55 pm
Leaves Albany.

11 23 a m
Arrives at Macon from Eufaulack Albauy.
6 35 pm
Leaves Eufaula.

11 27 a m
Arrives at Macon from Eufaulack Albauy.
11 20 am
Leaves Columbus.
11 20 am
15 an
16 an
17 an
18 an
18

Arrives at Macon from Eufaulack Albany. 6 32 p m
Leaves Columbus. 11 20 a m
Arrives at Macon from Columbus. 5 15 p m
Arrives at Macon. 7 35 p m
Leaves Macon. 7 35 p m
Leaves Macon. 7 35 p m
Leaves Macon. 7 35 p m
Arrives at Augusta. 8 30 p m
Arrives at Sayannah. 7 15 a m
Passengers for Milledgeville and Eatonton will
take train No. 2 from Sayannah, and train No. 1
from Macon, which trains connect daily, except
donday, for these points.
PULLMAN PALACE SLEEPING CARS to
Boston via Augusta, Columbia, Charlotte and
Richmond, on 7:30 p. m. train.
Passengers from Southwestern Georgia take
sleeper Macon to Augusta on 7.35 p. m., connecting with Pullman Sleeper to Boston without
change.

Berths in Pulman Palace Sleeper can be se-cured at SCHREINER'S, 127 Congress street. E. H. SMITH, WILLIAM ROGERS, Gen. Ticket Agt. Gen'l Supt. C. R. R., Savannah, J. C. SHAW, Gen. Trav. Agt. Supt. S. W. R. R., Macon, G

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE

THE GREAT DAILY THROU'H MAIL LINE OF THE SOUTHEAST. And, with its connections, the ATLANTA AND THE SOUTHWEST TO ALL POINTS IN
NORTHEAST GEORGIA,
SOUTH CAROLINA,
NORTH CAROLINA,
VIRGINIA,
AND ALL EASTERN CITIES!

MILES SHORTEST LIN 72 All Nort ern and Eastern Cities. THE LONGEST MAIL CAR

LINE IN THE WORLD. The long contested White Mail Car Service has, by selection of the United States Mail Department, been placed upon this Line, and the cars are making regular Double Daily Trips between Richmond and New Orleans.

PULLMAN Drawing Room Sleeping Cars ATLANTA TO NEW YORK WITHOUT CHANGE.
The Only Line running Palace Drawing Room Cars South of the
Potomac River.
FROM—

MACON, COLUMBUS. EUFAULA MONTGOMERY AND SELMA, MONTGOMERY AND SELMA,

AND ALL POINTS IN

Southwest Georgia and Alabama.

By new schedule (July 27th, 1879) passenger leaving Macon of all points south of Macon, (and all points in Southwest Georgia and Alabama), and arriving at Atlanta at 3.50 a. m., will make direct connection with morning train of the PIED-MONT AIR-LINE, leaving Atlanta at 4.00 a. m., (through Sleeping Car Montgomery to Mount Airy-breakfast house), passing the beautiful Blue Ridge, "Land of the Sky,!"

By day, presenting the most beautiful scenery on the American Continent, arrive in Washinaton City via Virginia-Middaud Route at 7.50 a. m. next day, and at Philadelphia by Limited Express 1.30 p. m. New York by Limited Express 3.45 p. m., New York by Limited Express 3.45 p. m., by Eegular Express 4.55 p. m.

THINK OF IT:

**Bot Leave Macon, or any point named above, at night, breakfast next morning at Mount Airy, Georgia; (the highest point between Savannah and New York), dine at Gaffney's, S.C., supper at Danville, Va., breakfast at Washington City.

Dine at NEW YORK Second Evening after leaving, 14 Hours ahead of all other Lines.

Passengurs preferring the Richmond Route will arrive at Washington LiD p. m., Baltimore 2.45 p. m., Philadelphia 6.5 p. m., New York 10.65 p. m., (second evening.)

Tickets on sale at the City Office of the Central Railroad and the Union Depot, Macon, Ga., also at all Through Ticket Offices south of Macon.

SEE TIME TABLES

STEAM ENGINES, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. ETC.

A. B. FARQUHAR Macon, Ga., SOUTHERN DEPOT Penn Agricultural Works. MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN



STEAM ENGINES SEPARATORS, THRESHING MACHINES, HORSE POWERS, Champion Reapers and Mowers,

SAW AND GRIST MILLS, HANCOCK INSPIRATORS, A. B. FARQUHAR, or JESSOP & SMITH, Managers.

ELECTRIC BATTERIES.

THEBLOOD THE LIFE. Disease Cannot Exist if you Wear BOYD'S

will cure Rheumatism, Neural gia, Paralysis, Kidney Complaint.

PRICE 50 CENTS EACH. SENT BY MAIL FREE ON RECEIPT OF PRICE. DANIEL & MARSH, 13 Kimball House.

Wood, Tabor & Morse Engines.

THESE ENGINES ARE MADE OF THE VERY BEST MATERIAL THROUGHOUT AND simple and durable and are the cheapest Engines made, Every one guaranteed to be just as

Agricultural ENGINES. Sweepstakes, Threshers,

uckeye Reapers
and Mowers
SPECIALTY Buckeye Reapers

ENGINES. Sweepstakes, Threshers, AND Buckeye Reapers and Mowers

A SPECIALTY

We are also Agents for the calebrated MONITOR ENGINE, either with or without Trac ion Attachment, BLYMYER MANUFACTURING CO. STATIONARY and PORTABLE ENGINES, SWEEPSTAKES, THRESHERS, BUCKEYE REAPERS and MOWERS.
We are prepared to furnish the best FARM MACHINERY of every description this country affords we cend for Catalogue and Price List.

HARWELL & SMITH,

C. & G. COOPER & CO.'S ENGINES Have won for themselves a reputation for reliability and perfect mechanism unexcelled by any. Call early and make your arrangements as the demand for them will be heavy this sea son. We have the only perfection TRACTION ATTACHMENT YET INVENTED. We sell them with or without the Traction Power.

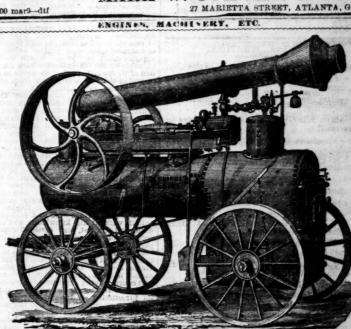
Send for a Circular of wha

now ready. Also, Mowers and Reapers, Corn Shellers, Feed Cutters, Gales' celebrated Chilled Plows, and all Farm Implements, Seeds, etc. -ALSO-German, Hungarian and Cat-tail

Cardwell's Celebrated Threshers

MILLET. W. D. & Co.'s Am noniated High Grade Superphosphates, Kentucky Cotton Fertilizer, Bone Dust, Land Plaster, etc.

MARK W. JOHNSON & CO., 27 MARIETTA STREET, ATLANTA, GA.



The Eclipse Leads the World FOR RELIABLE EXCELLENCE. THOS. CAMP, General Agent,

COVINGTON, GA.

Also Dealer in SAW MILLS, SEPARATORS, COTTON GINS, Etc.

Satisfaction fully Guaranteed in every Transaction.

476 jan23-d6m STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, ETC. STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS AND OTHER MACHINERY.

A GRICULTURAL ENGINES WITH THE ONLY PERFECT SPARK EXTINGUISHER the market. Call on or address 42 Whitehall Street. Atlanta. Ga Chattanooga,: : Tennessee,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN FURNACE HEARTHS, PIG AND BAR IRON,

RAILBOAD SPIKES, FISH PLATES AND BOLTS, SIUTS AND WASHERS, VERONA NUT LOCKS, TRACK AND MINERS TOOLS, RAILROAD SWITCH LOCKS, LIGHT RAIL, BOILER RIVETS, NIGOT COPPER NGOT COPPER, BLOCK TIN, 1 ANTIMONY, SPYLTER, P:G AND BAR LEAD, SHEET ZINC,

BABBITT METAL,

NEW YORK TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVER

BLACKSMITH COAL,
FODNDRY COKE,
COKE AND CHARCOAL FORKS.
GRINDSTONES,
BLACK DIAMOND STEEL,
FILES,
BELTING AND LACING,
HOWE'S SCALES,
MACHINISTS' TOOLS.
SAW AND GRIST MILLS,
INJECTORS AND EJECTORS,
WIRE ROPE,
ROOFING TILE,
SEWER PIPE,
BRASS GOODS,
STEAM GAUGES,
WAREHOUSE ELEVATORS,
DIFFERENTIAL PULLEY BLOCKS,
WINES AND BOILER ZANE & BODLEY'S ENGINES AND BOILERS
25 dec2-d2taw tree frt till july1,1800

WIND. 30 02 73 53 S. Fresh .00 Clear 29.91 73 81 S. Gent .00 Clear 29.93 74 91 S. E. Fresh .00 Clear 30.66 77 82 S. E. Fresh .00 Clear 30.66 77 82 S. E. Fresh .00 Clear WEATHER.

Corporal Signal Corps, U. S. A. McBRIDE & CO. Want live responsible merchants in every town and city in the United States, to take control of and push the sale of "Fowler's Fig Fane," with Lambeth's Patent Improvements. Fastest selling article over Introduced. Absolutely necessary in every household. Address only McBRIDE & CO.,

Atlanta, Georgia,
General Agents for the United States.

M. B.—"Fly Fane." for Export. Special prices.
McGRIDE & CO., PREFERRED LOCALS. To the Sewing Machine Trade.

We are prepared to fill all orders with CABINET WORK.

It will still be a few weeks before we have a supply of BENT-WOOD. until the receipt of the Bent-wood. CRAIGE & CO..

43 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. General Southern Distributing Office, "DOMESTIC."

SOLID SILVER Bridal Presents.

DIAMONDS.

Watches, Jewelry, etc., J. P. STEVENS & CO'S., Wholesale and Retail Jewelers, 34 Whitehall Street.

MEETINGS.

The members of Atlanta Turn-Verein are requested to meet at their Hall on Marietta street, to-day, Friday, May 7th, at 2 o'clock p. m., sharp, to attend the funernal of the deceased Turner, F. RICHTER. B. BRAUSE, President.

PERSONAL MENTION.

-J. D. Rhodes, of Athens, is in the city. -J. M. Johnson, of Columbus, is visiting

-F. Emmil. B. F. Stone and Joe Clark -F. P. Gray and wife, of Cartersvill

-Si W. Hawkins, of the Covington Energrise, visited Atlanta yesterday. ing the supreme court. Powder Springs, are visiting in the city McClure and wife, and J. G. frontt, of LaGrange, visited Atlanta yeste

-M. L. Bates and daughter, and Miss M.

are in the city on a visit. James Swann and lady, Miss Lula ustell, and Miss Lawson McGhee sailed, hite star line, for Europe. -Rev. A. W. Quillian, of Bellton, whos

realth, we regret ro learn, is not very good s visiting relatives in the city. -Miss Emma Farrior, of Jasper, Tennes-see, who has been visiting Miss Lichenstadt, of this city, left yesterday for southern

-B. F. Nelson, of the Daily Tribune of Arkson, Onio, was in the city yesterday and favored the office of The Constitution

-Otis Jones, of Grantville, is visiting

left yesterday for Columbus, where he will join a fishing party which will leave that join a listing party which will leave that city for some point on the Florida coast.

—J. D. Alexander, of the Griffin News, is visiting the city. We regret to see that Colonel Alexander is compelled by a severe attack of rheumatism to make use of a pair of crutches while getting about.

-Go to Eckford's Soiree to-night.

-Agents for Louisville Cement. Sciple & Sons. may7-d2t -Nearly all of the grass in the city hall park has bowed to the will of the scythe and the reap-hook, and now the grounds are in beautiful condition. Every afternoon scores of children find much pleasure in gamboling on the green.

Headquarters for Plaster Paris and Plaster, 8 Loyd street. Sciple & may7—d2t

term will be held later in the summer for the disposition of criminal cases. Ass Gunn's case will not be taken up for trial until the special term is called It looks as though this much abused darkey is spending half of his life within the walls of Fulton county jail.

Headquarters for best Laths, 8 Loyd street. Sciple & Sons.

Westerday an enterprising citizen, resid-

street. Sciple & Sons. may7—d2t

—Yesterday an enterprising citizen, residing at the corner of Washington and East
Alabama streets, captured a swarm of young bees. The swarm took possession of a limb of one of the trees in front of the residence, and by invitation accepted a comfortable summer residence in a genuine Georgia bee gum. Last night when the hive had gone quietly to work, the gum was transferred to the inside of the enclosure. —Sole agents for Catoosa Lime, the bes

-Headquarters for English, Portland, mported Cement. Sciple & Sons. may7-d2t The Hackett brothers were released upon bail yesterday afternoon. The preliminary trial is set for Tuesday next, the delay being caused by the condition of Mr.

50 barrels Marble Dust, 8 Loyd street 5 tons Oak and Hickory Ashes at \$6 per ton, and less for the lot. Sciple & Sons.

SAM HOYLE.

Letter from One of His Californi

We have been requested by the friends of R. Hoyle to publish the following letter, written by Mr. J. G. Eastman, one of the attorneys for Mr. Hoyle during his trial in California, to Messrs. Hopkins & Glenn at this place. With the letter was sent affidavits and comments from papers at Los Anreles, stating substantially what is said n this letter, but which we think is unnecessary to publish. The following ss the

letter:
Los Angeles, April 23,1880.—Messrs. Hopkins & Glenn, attorneys at law, Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen: It is with deep regret that I am compelled to announce that at 11 o'clock pm, of tue 20th instant, Samuel R Hoyle solved the problem of his difficulties by taking his live, shooting himself through the body near the heart, with a self-cocking English bull-dog revolver, which he had managed to conceal upon his Original arrest or had in some manner procured since. His statement was that he had procured it during the day of the 20th, but declined to say how or from whom. The deputy sherif, Mr. C. E. Huber, was in his room with him standing guard at the time of the tragedy. He expired in forty minutes after the infliction of the wound. He left letters directed to me under cover to Colonel James Thompson, the Jaller, directing me to take charge of his remains me under cover to Colonel James Thompson, the Jaller, directing me to take charge of nis remains and effects. I immediately telegraphed to his brother-in-law W. H. Howell, for ins ructions regarding his remains, but presume that owing to the storm in the Sierra Nevada mountain, telegraphie communication was interrupted. I was hence compelled to ex-freise my own judgment. An examination by physicians resulted in an opinion that successful embalming was extremely douotful. I finally decided to bury him. He was buried yesterday, the 22d instan, at 1 o'clock p.m., in Evergreen cemetery, with appropriate religious services. The funeral was largely attended. His body was interred in the best of metallic caskets, which will bear shipment at any time.

services. The funeral was largely attended. His body was interred in the best of metallic caskets, which will bear shipment at any time.

It is but just to you, and will be satisfactory to his hiends, to give a brief resume of the proceedings had here since his arrest on the 19th of March last. He was arrested here on arteigraphic dispatch from the chief of police of San Francisco, without a warrant, and information was immediately filed before Wm. B. Lawlor, a justice of the peace of Los Angeles, under sections 1548-950-31-32 of the penal code of this state, upon which he was committed to await requisition. In the meantime a similar complaint was nled in San Francisco. I immediately dispatched Judge S. Holey, of our firm, to Sacramento to act 1n conjunction with attorneys at that place in fighting the requisition and issuance of the governor's warrant theron. At

Mr. Hoyle, during his confinement, was strounded with every comfort—allowed the loop air, allowed to come to my residence frequent to board with the family of Colonel Thompso the jailer, and, while taking his airing her sound and formed many acquaintance and by his pleasant manners and broad, sol sense made many friends and sympathizers. The action of Collier since he arrived here is not up my e tumate of the standard of a dignified official He has exhibited great vindictiveness and blut ness, and in many public places where he knew would reach the ears of the deceased, he statchat he would load him from head to foot without some some control of the deceased of the statchat he would load him from head to foot without some some control of the deceased.

Angels, clouds and dresses, all lightsome and airy. At opera-house. See advertise

We desire to call the attention of the p lice to a nuisance which demands their in lice to a nuisance which demands their immediate attention. There is a section of Whitehall street, from the corner of Fair to the corner of Brotherton streets, upon which it is absolutely dangerous for ladies and children to venture, for the reason that it is daily taken possession of by a crowd of noisy orchins with velocipedes. The heavy grade and the smooth pavement give an impetus to these vehicles which place them, beyond the control of those who ride them, and the consequence is, it is as much as ladies can do to keep out of the way, and

D) RABIS (CHO) DIS BILLO (C) A DIBIS Satins, Black Silks, Satin de Leon Silks, Black Grenadines in Palm Leaf, Satin Effects and Polka Do

BEAUTIFUL STYLES IN LADIES', GENTS' AND CHILDREN'S. Carpets, Lace Curtains, Wall Paper, Window SHADES, ETC., JUST RECEIVED AT CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.'S.

LIBRARY PICNIC! Saturday, May Sth. Marietta and Marietta Grove.

ers of the Fulton county democratic expers of the Fulton county demicratic ex-ecutive committee, are requested to meet at the Recorder's court-room, on Pryor street, in this city on Wednesday, May 12th, for the purpose of taking into considera-tion the time and manner of selecting del-gates to represent this county in the state convention which meets in this city. In the

povention which meets in this city, June Third Ward-Dr. W. N. Judson, Wm.

Iclain. Fourth Ward-C. K. Maddox, W. North Atlanta—L. M. Liddell. South Atlanta—N. Massey. Black Hall—A. S. Pool. Buckhead—W. F. Stewart. Oak Grove—Seaborn Jones. Adams—A. H. Howell. Bryants—J. O. Redwine.

Caseys—R. Tumlin. E. J. Roach, Chairman. Hymeneal. Last evening at the Episcopal church in Marietta, Miss Katie S rong, the beautiful and accomplished daughter of Dr. Strong, of that city, was married to Mr. J. W. Thomson, of Atlanta. The ceremony was conducted by Rev. S. H. Pinkerton. The attendants were W. A. Long, E. R. DuBose, C. G. Eckford, W. D. Green, J. W. Hollins-head and J. B. Cassin, who also acted in the capacity of ushers. The church was beau-

make this city their future home.

Among the handsomest bridal presents were a complete set of silver spoons and forks, silver water service, silver stand and issuance of the governor's warrant theron. At this stage of the proceedings a detachment of San Francisco detectives appeared and remained on watch for the purpose of taking him, if discharged here, to San Francisco. I then applied for and obtained from the thermal policy of the superior court a writ of habeas corpus, accompanied with an order that he be kept within the limits of our county until the final hearing of the writ.

Torks, siver water service, siver stands and obtained in the man who earnestly hope that the stand and sugar spoon, gend receiver, butter dish, sugar spoon, jewelry box, handsome pin cushion, cake basket, syrup pitcher, pair vases, silver dish, sugar spoon, jewelry box, handsome pin cushion, cake basket, syrup pitcher, pair vases, silver cup, mustand and influential citizen and the dark cloud who earnestly hope that the stand and sugar spoons, set of long he may return to them fully return to them fully story and sugar spoons, card receiver, butter dish, sugar spoon, jewelry box, handsome pin cushion, cake basket, syrup pitcher, pair vases, silver cup, mustand and influential citizen and the dark cloud who earnestly hope that the stand and who earnestly hope and the stand and who earnestly hope has the stand and who earnestly hope has the hear that the stand and who earnestly hope has the stand and who earnestly hope has the hear that the stand and who e

Death of Mr. Richter. Yesterday morning about half-past six 'clock Mr. Frederick Richter, proprietor the Dixie saloon, on East Hunter street, ighteen months, but only within the een a resident of Atlanta about 14 year When his term of enlistment had expired rted located a short distance from Wes End. The deceased was a member of the Atlanta Turn Verein, which organization will attend his funeral to day in a body

cemetery. The funeral procession will be headed by the military band from McPher-son barracks. The decessed leaves a wife. Mr. Richter was well known in this com-

THE CONTINENTAL FIRE

Insurance Company of New The Continental fire insurance compa of New York has permanently located i his city. It was moved here from Louis ville, Kentucky, about two weeks ago Lowry's bank, on Alabama street.

The Continental fire insurance compar

was organized in Augusta, Georgia, and for a long time did business in that city. I was afterwards removed to Louisville where it was located for about one year. It now comes to Atlanta, and we are righ glad to welcome so enterprising ar institution. We had a pleas ant visit yesterday from Mr. G. C. Gettys he superintendent of the southern depo nt of the Continental, and Mr. Walford, its cashier. These excellent gen tlemen will make Atlanta their home. We welcome them warmly, and, with the hope that they will be pleased with our city commend them and the Continental fire astrance company to our citizens.

Last evening about seven o'clock an un ortunate difficulty occurred in the billiard Room, between Mr. S. W. Small and Mr. Charley White, in which Mr. Small was painfully cut in several places about the face with a pocket-knife in the hands of Mr. White. We learn from eye witnesses that the affair grew out of interference on the part of Mr. White with a game of billiards which was being played by Messrs. S. W. Small and G. H. Culberson.

Do you know how fortunate you are to live in this age? If not, go and see the Para dise at the opera-house, its forty exquisitely beautiful women, and its ravishing cos-tumes, and then think of pour Adam and

At a meeting of the directors held on the instant, a semi-annual dividend of 5 pent was declared, payable on demand.

#BDWARD 8. McCANDLESS,
pay7—dtt 24cr34 cd

ALL AROUND US.

pel meetings, and they have been well attended by our best thinking and unprejudiced people. These gentlemen are sound and solid in their views on religious subjects, and their sermons were a rich treat to our people. I think it would be a good idea for our ministers to adopt this plan; that is preach more gospel and less doctrine.

The annual picnic of the Y. M. L. A. will take place on next Saturday, at Marietta. Every effort has been made to insure a delightful day to those who attend. The cars will leave the depot at 8 o'clock, and stop first at the grove just this side of Marietta, and then at Marietta. Those who desire will have an opportunity of spending a day in the woods enjoying the beauties of nature, together with such amusements as Archery, Croquet, etc. And those who prefer may dance to good music at Nichol's Hall. Many of our most estimable ladies will chaperone the party, and we tender in their behalf a kind invitation to you to be present. Fare round trip, 50 cents. Tickets for sale at Library.

Hoke Smith, H. C. Glenn, Joseph Thomson, Jr., Louis Gholstin, H. K. McCay, H. W. Grady, J. H. Macaslin, D. M. Bain, E. Harman—Committee.

Meeting of the Fulton County Democratic Executive Committee.

Meeting of the Fulton county democratic executive committee, are requested to meet

DECATUR, May 6.—Judge H. V. Bayne has

DECATUR, May 6.-Judge H. V. Bayne ha bought the celebrated race horse Jack Howard.—The handsome residence built near the depot by Colonel J. P. Harrison, was bought a short time ago by Mr. George Walters, of Savannah, who has bad it finish ed up in the finest style and will move into it this month. We have room in our town for more good men like him and perons wanting a healthy home and good sch sons wanting a healthy home and good school and church advantages can do no better than buy in Decatur. We have three fine schools here under charge of Professor John T. Graves, a graduate of the state university; Miss Dollie Anderson, a sister of General Tige Anderson, of Atlanta, and Miss Miss Annette Patton, one of the best teachers in Georgia. We have Presbyterian, Baptist and Methodist churches with good pastors, and a church train going to Atlanta every Sunday for the accommodation of any one desiring to attend church there. We have as good a hotel as any country town can boast of and Mrs. Powell furnishes as good meals as any hotel in Georgia.

ere for over two weeks now, almost every day—not more than two real fair days out of fifteen. Farming operations are greatly retarded, in fact they are almost at a complete standstill. The heavy rains have been accompanied, in several instances, with wind and hail, which have inflicted considerable damage upon many farms capacity of ushers. The church was beautifully decorated with flowers of spring and crowded with the beauty and style of Marietta society. The bride was elegantly attired in a handsome tea colored silk, while the groom was in full dress.

After the ceremony the bridal couple, with their attendants, repaired to the residence of the bride's parents, where an eledence of the bride's parents, where an ele-gant supper was tendered them. The bridal couple reached Atlanta last night, and will as he is familiarly called by his intimate

acquaintances, has scores of warm friends throughout this section who are deeply grieved by the terrible calamity which has pefallen him and who earnestly hope tha

ial met here at 4 p. m., and were in s intil midnight. They appropriated \$5,000 o build a monument on the battle-ground hirty feet high, surmounted with a seven oot bronze statue of the rifleman of on with imposing Masonic ceremonies, the M onic officials from the southern states be ought, and it is now the property of the committee. A committee was appointed to report the programme of the centennial at the next meeting. Paul H. Hayne will read an ode in which the lyric fire will be concentrated. Hon. John W. Daniel, of vnchburg, will deliver the oration. Th from Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina and Virginia will be present. The interest in the centennial is deepening, and we note with pleasure, the proposition to have an exposition of the agricultura nd mineral resources of the Piedi This feature in itself will attract largerowds. The Air-Line railroad proposes to run extra trains daily during the cencennial week from Charlotte. Greenville and morning, returning at night, at very low rates. Alf Thompson will have one hum dred houses on the ground, and a caravar, or vehicles for the transportation of passenger to the battle-ground. It is estimated that over 20,000 people will be present. The people of Spartanburg took charge of the committee and feasted them in royal style at the Palmetto house, kept by the hotel prince, Tom Benson, a handsomer and more obese man than old man Benson, of Hart-well.—The new opera-house, costing self.—The new opera-nouse, costing \$12,000, will be opened Tuesday night. It is a perfect gem. The new hotel is fast approaching completion. It is a model hotel. C. C. chase is runing a hotel here and at Hendersonville, N. C. He is popular wit

Macon, May 5 -On Wednesday morning ne most interesting part of the proceeding f the Georgia teachers' association conone of the most prominent among the lady teachers of Georgia, and was accorded, a once, fixed and respectful attention. He pleasant voice and refined manners and gested a woman whose personal association gested a woman whose personal association would be as valuable to pupils as her scholarship and professional skill. It was a very practical paper on a subject on which she has large experience, and it is considered by those qualified to judge one of the best ever read before the Georgia teachers' association. In the beginning, she paid a charming tribute to an old teacher, Dr. Bonnel, father of Professor Bonnel, of Atlants, who was, Miss Haygood thought, the Iras to introduce written work in Georgia schools. This was in 1863. Dr. Orr at the close, rose to say that Dr. McCoy, broth-

the Rest to introduce written work in Georgia schools. This was in 1863. Dr. Orr at the close, rose to say that Dr. McCoy, brother of Judge McCoy, bad adopted written examinations at Athens so early as 1841. Dr. Orr also paids arthute to Dr. John M. Bonnel. Miss Haygood made some very important suggestions for obviating some of the objections to frequent examinations, There was a general calf for the printing of her paper. Wednesday was the day appointed for the Union Sunday-school celebration in Macon. The citizen's sent the teachers an invitation to take dinner at their beautiful park which was in all the glory of its spring beauty. In the afternoon a good deal of interest was excited by an account of the phonic method of teaching reading, which was given by Professor Howard, who was present with a class of little ones to illustrate his subject. This gentleman is an Englishman, an enthusiastic and progressive teacher, and a decided accession to the profession in Georgia. He has a school about fifteen miles from Atlanta. The method is not new to many city teachers, but is not well known in the country, and Professor Howard's account excited very great interest. Un Wednesday evening one hundred and thirty teachers were present. Professor Lamdin keeps splendid order, and his excited much praise for his firm and considerate manner of presiding.

AGRICULTURAL

owers The Orchards Get Knowledge Heal Hints Household Topics Farm Notes -Foot Rot in Sheep Hints to Far-mer's Wives Other Items.

It is as necessary for a farmer to improve nd grow in his calling or business as any other man at any other business. Each er gained from books, magazines, papers or of scientific knowledge, or prepare the way for greater skill in the art. Agricultural iterature continues to expand and improve. ometimes the writer is laughed at by the farmer way off on his land. Now, farmer, do not laugh, but go to work and utilize what we write about. If the farmer will take agricultural papers and books he will learn the results of hundreds of experiments with manures and their application, artificial fertilizers, general farm crops, garden vegetables and special crops. Now armer, read these things; adopt such systems of culture as your rule of practice, after making such changes as different circumstances, seem to demand. Make other people's knowledge your own as far as posible and let us know the result of your ex-

with flowers?

and fifty of phloxes, three hundred of begonias, five hundred of dablias, and several hundred of choice carnations and pinks. Of roses there are over three hundred vari-

Fuschias, with broadly open, saucer-shaped corollas, are the most brilliant and satisfactory to grow.

pake good fertilizers for flowers; they give a decided brilliancy to the color of foliage and blossoms. with a plentiful proportion of well decayed manure. Plant the bulblets between two and three inches deep and far enough apart to leave room for weeding. To do well it must be kept warm and the soil must not

e allowed to get dry and powdery. The portules loves a light, rich loam, will sow itself and come up year after year, giving a profusion of bloom all the season -Always cut flowers with a sharp knife

ground, and half a dozen different colors -Another plan to preserve cut flowers

We hope this summer some of our fruitrowers will try permitting hogs to clear p the refuse fruits in their orchards, seeing what a number of insects are destroye scrape the trunks of trees clean of fringe and mosses, and wash them with strong lye, made from wood ashes, applied with a brush. This destroys insects, and is in every way good for the trees. The larger limbs, as high up as they can be reached, should also receive a coat of the lye.

-In making a crust of any kind, do not melt the lard in the flour. Melting will in jure the crust. are done, as will also fish, which will break

GARDEN AND ORCHARD INSECTS. There are so many of these pests it is im-

stems of plants may be destroyed by using a wash of whale oil soap and water in the proportion of one pound of soap to five gallons of water, or a wash made by adding to the soap and water a fourth of a pound of potash, or one made by taking tobacco leaves and stems and soaking them in water until it is the color of strong tea.

Turips are a small brown insect, and can be destroyed by tobacco smoke. The meally bug is soft-bodied, and covered with a white dust. The remedy for them is whale oil solution with a little potash added. Syringe plants with sulphur water when

nure all the land that I cultivate; in January I compost my manure with cotton seed, ashes and bonedust and put it in large boxes made with rough-edge plank that will hold two or three tons; I put no water on it; by April it has gone through a heat and is as airy and as fine as senes. So you see, that I manure thirty acres of land and it only costs me \$100 on my little farm in one year." Mesers Editors, if you find anything in this cribbling worth your notice, you can use it as you think proper. The above is some of the experience of an old man in his 76th year. Yours with respect.

THE FIELD, THE FARM, THE GARDEN.

-We are gratified at learning flower culture is growing all over the state. What can cause the heart to beat more calmly, or life to flow more purely, than an association

-There are now two hundred varieties of uschias, ninety of petunias, one hundred

-Iron filings or nails and wood ashes

or scissors and early in the morning or at evening. Keep them well sprinkled, if possible add fresh water; if in a vase, every day and better warm than cold, and put in a little salt. Set the bouquet at night on the floor of a cool room or cellar.

The State of Georgia vs. The Southwest ern railroad company. Demurrer sustained.

Put a little nitrate of soda into the water where cut flowers are placed, and their reshness will be preserved twice as long. -An inquirer asks us about roses. Saffrano is a tawn, shaded with pink, and is a most perfect beauty. So, too, is Sombreuil, a cream color, blushed with pink. But of all the tea roses Marshal Neil hears th

A solution of blue vitriol as strong as can A solution of blue vitriol as strong as can be made and as hot as you can bear your hand in, even for a moment, having the liquid three or four inches deep, or deep enough to cover all the affected parts; then hold the diseased foot in this liquid ten minutes, or long enough to penetrate to all

HINTS TO FARMERS WIVES.

—Many soups are better on the day after they are made, provided they are not warm-ed too quickly, or left too long over the fire after they have become hot. -Gum camphor wrapped in paper and laid around sugar barrels will disperse

I raise from five to six hundred pounds of seed cotton to the acre; I keep all of my manure under the shelter; I have saved test tons since I planted cotton last year; I manure all the land that I cultivate; in January

Peaches will not thrive on wet land. -Potash dissolved in water or lye from wood ashes, is a good wash for the trunks and large limbs of fruit trees. —Suds are of value on all small fruits, shrubs, vines and flowering plants, and should never be wasted or thrown away.

—To destroy insects and mildew on grape vines, one ounce of sulphur to a gallon of water, should be sprinkled or syringed over the vines at nightlall.

-Many insects harbor beneath the loose —Many insects harbor beneath the loose bark of trees, and by scraping this off and washing the trunks and limbs with a solution of soft soap, much good may be done.

—Cure for founder—Give the horse one tablespoonful of pulverized alum. After administering the alum pour about a table-spoonful of spirits of turpentine around the frog of each foot.

—Hoeing the vegetable garden keeps the soil loose and mellow, so that it can be more easily penetrated by the warm air and can absorb the dews and gentle rains, and gives opportunity for tender roots to stretch out in search of food.

—To kill lice on animals—Melt hog's lard, and in it dissolve salt one-third of the bulk of the grease; take as much grease as will be required to smear the animal all over, and into the mixture pour kerosene SELLING EVERYTHING AT THE FORMER LOW PRICES

over, and into the mixture pour kerosene oil and stir it up. Two gills of this is sufficient for a cow of ordinary size. It leaves the skin smooth and clean. Also excellent for galls and sores. Supreme Court of Georgia

No. 6 Argument concluded.
No. 1. (Continued case). Jones et al. vs.
Bullard, Continued on terms.
No. 18. (Continued case). Central railroad
vs. Brinson. Case, from Burke. A. R.
Lawton; J. J. Jones, for plaintiff in
error. H. C. Glisson; E. L. Bainson;
A. M. Rodgers; William Gibson; M. P.
Carroll, for defendant.
Pending argument of Mr. Rodgers, court
adjourned until 10 am. to-morrow. Fulton Superior Court. GEORGE HILLYER, JUDGE, PRESIDING

The superior court of Fulton county me the superior court of ruiton county met at the usual hour yesterday morning with the Hon. George Hillyer on the bench, and during the seasion, which lasted all day, tran acted the following business: William L. Ozborne et al. vs. Miranda R. Sage. Complaint for land. Verdict for he defendant. William L. Ozborne vs. Lewis L. Abbot

Complaint for land. On motion of defendant, Mrs. C. S. Smith. the true claimant of the property described in the suit, was made the defendant in the case.

William L. Ozborne vs. Lewis L. Abbott.
Complaint for land. Verdict for the defendant fendant.
State of Georgia vs. The Southwestern railroad company. Tax fi. fas. for the years 1874 and 1875. Agreed that both of these cases be tried together, and that the law and the facts be submitted to Judge Richard H Clark, of the city court of Atlanta, Judge Hillyer being disqualified.

The State of Georgia vs. The Southwest-

Layden, for use, etc., vs. Williams, trus tee et al. Motion for new trial. Ague being disqualified in this case, Walter R Brown was agreed upon to try the case The case was then called for trial, and dis missed for want of p oper service.

Butler, Broome & Chapp vs. D. C. McPhee. Complaint. On motion of plaintiffs

it was ordered that they have leave to amend their petition filed in said case by striking theretrom the name of William Goodnow as a party defendant.

J. G. Kraft & Co. vs. D. C. McPhee. Comtherefrom the name of William Goodnow a Butler, Broome & Clapp vs. D. C. McPhee. Complaint. There being no issuable de-fense filed judgment was rendered in favor of the plaintiff against the defendant for

J. G. Kraft & Co. vs. D. C. McPher. Com judgment was rendered in favor of the plaintiff against the defendant for the nount of the suit Moormough vs. Butler & Co. The evidence and argument in this case was concluded at the hour of adjournment, and the case placed in the hands of the jury, instructed to report progress this morning,
Court then adjourned to meet at nine o'clock this morning, leaving the following

Venable & Co. vs. Pemberton. Jones vs. Ball. Lucas vs. Gregory. Erie City Iron Work vs. Angier. Billis & Gregg vs. Harwell & Porter.
Ball vs. Bank State of Georgia.
Collier & H. vs. Wingfield.
Low vs. W. & A. R. R.
Webb vs. A. & W. P. R. R.
Ball vs. Hane

Ball vs. Hape. Rend! Rend! The Great Southern Tea Co. has bought The Great Southern Tea Co. has bought the entire stock of Groceries from Benjamin Bros, at a great sacrifice for cash, and will offer special bargains! See what a dollar will do. 10 pounds A Sugar; 5 pounds Roasted Coffee; 2 pounds good Tea; 40 pounds Pearl Grits; 12 pounds Rice; 6 cans Salmon, Lobsters, Mackerl, or 3 pounds Tomatoes, etc. Toilet Soap at half price.

Bergains at 84 Whitehall.

128 may7—d2t fri sun

DR. GEO. W. MARVIN continues to tre DR GEO. W. MARVIN continues to treat all Diseases of long standing, Dispenses his own Medicines and guarantees Cures in curable cases. Office and residence No. 360 Whitehall street. All Diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Catarrh created by inhalation, Particular attention paid to all Diseases of long standing, such as Rheumatism, Bruptions, Gravel, Paralysis, Scrofula, Billounness, Dropey, Ervaipelas, Diseases of the Kidneys, Nervous Depression, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, all diseases pecular to Women, all Private Diseases, Heart Disease, Swollen Joints, Coughs, Gout, White Swelling, St. Vitus Dance, etc. Call and see the Doctor without delay. His charges are moderate and consultation free. Office hours 7 a. m. to 2 p. m. and 6 to 8 p. m. to 2 p. m. and 6 to 8 p. m. sep? dawky if 2d or 4th pg only

sorrowes' Lexington Mustard. 'Best in the wo

Received To-day. One car-load Spring Cab DOUGHERTY bage, String Beans and Sweet Potatoes. Send in your or-

WHITE ASSESSMENT Atlanta Cash Clothing Stor Only One Price

The Best Goods & Latest Styles OUR LOW PRICES ARE HAVING EFFECT Firmiture can be washed with warm our prices are lower than they bought IN NEW YORK AND BALTIMORE.

Have received orders the past week from merchants from alabama and South Carelina, sph. our prices are lower than they bought IN NEW YORK AND BALTIMORE.

Seeing is Believing!

Clean off the oil and polish with chamois with the polish with chamois with the past week from merchants from alabama and South Carelina, sph. our prices are lower than they bought IN NEW YORK AND BALTIMORE.

WHITEHALL ST

GEORGE J. DALLA Should never be wasted or thrown away.

—Salt is a good remedy for the scale bug.
Use it in brine. If very strong it will take the foliage from the tree, yet do no permanent injury.

—To Assert

Oldest Clothing House in the City

24 Whitehall Street, corner Alabam

FINE FINE Millinery! Millinery Millinery! The Largest Stock---The Handsomest Goods LOWEST PRICES

"WURZBURG'S BAZAR," 54 Whitehall Street, ATLANTA, GA. "True Merit Meets Its Own Rewart" Our Fine Goods, Low Prices, and our Conscients We have JUST RECEIVED mother shipment of the Extra Bargains! Violets in all Colors 5c a dozen. Latest Novelties in Flowers, Foath-Handsome Roses and Budy 5c each.

ers and Hats. We have now on hand every desirable shape in MILAN, TUSCAN, FANCY STRAW, CHIP, BRAID, and LEGHORN Lanquedoc Laces at 10c. 1.c., 20c, 2ce per yard up STRAWS.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

Pretty Poppies in all Colors

Panama Sailors, 15c.

Elegant Sprays at 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c, and upward.

Fine Ostrich Tips, Black, White and Colors, 25c, 50 c, 75c, and upward.

In Every Department. Piquets, Sprays, and Clusters ever on exhibition in an Just received MOST elegant Montures rom 15 cents up to \$2 50. RIBBONS, SILKS, SATINS, BROCADES, CASHMERES, etc. of all colo BY PICTURE PRAMES. WO

John Ryan has just opened a beautiful line of Sandals and Slippers in I to 5 straps, at prices far less than

de to order at the Lowes. Manufacture

John Ryan's Unlaundried Shirt at 75c is very cheep. John Ryan is selling the best est he has shown this season 25c all-wool Buntings in the

-Ask for Geo. A. Stanley's Pure Lar and don't buy any other brand. 455 apr21-d1m

A large lot of 3 Button Kid Gloves, opera shades, at Ryan's, 35c pair. Everybody indebted to the "Cheapest Furniture House in Georgia," whose ac-counts are part due, will save trouble by calling at my office. P. H. Snook.

-Buy Lard wit hout water Geo. A stanley's. 455 apr21-d1m Window Shades, Cornices

Ryan is selling the best 75c Carpets in Georgia. John Ryan is selling Carpets

on instalments. John Ryan is offering 25 DOUGHERT pieces Tapestry Carnets at 85c, worth \$1.15.

All the trade keep Geo. A. Stanley's Lard. 455 apr21-dim John Ryan is offering a lot of which are by far the hi Misses' full regular made Hose est he has shown this se in Garnet and Brown, at the unheard of price of IOc pair.

A large lot of Ladies' Un-Ryan's. derwear at John Ryan's is being Closed out cheap.

ALWAYS AHEAD! He received yesterday, 4th stant, an immense assort DOUGHERT

He received vesterday, 41 ment of Colored Brocade Satin which are by far the handson



Bonnets and Hats Mrs. A. F. PICKERT

He received yesterday,

ever offered in Georgia at Jo

Big Bargains in Hosiery Laces at Ryan's. John Ryan is selling the Des \$2.00 Goat and Kid Bi Shoe in America.

ALWAYS AHEAD!